

FORM PTO-1390 (Modified)
(REV 11-98)

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

ATTORNEY'S DOCKET NUMBER

**TRANSMITTAL LETTER TO THE UNITED STATES
DESIGNATED/ELECTED OFFICE (DO/EO/US)
CONCERNING A FILING UNDER 35 U.S.C. 371**

U.S. APPLICATION NO. (IF KNOWN, SEE 37 CFR

09/674292INTERNATIONAL APPLICATION NO.
PCT/US98/08716INTERNATIONAL FILING DATE
30 April 1998 (30.04.98)

PRIORITY DATE CLAIMED

TITLE OF INVENTION

INDUCTION OF NEURONAL REGENERATION

APPLICANT(S) FOR DO/EO/US

MCMAHON, Andrew P., LEE, Scott K., TAKADA, Shinji

Applicant herewith submits to the United States Designated/Elected Office (DO/EO/US) the following items and other information:

1. This is a **FIRST** submission of items concerning a filing under 35 U.S.C. 371.
2. This is a **SECOND** or **SUBSEQUENT** submission of items concerning a filing under 35 U.S.C. 371.
3. This is an express request to begin national examination procedures (35 U.S.C. 371(f)) at any time rather than delay examination until the expiration of the applicable time limit set in 35 U.S.C. 371(b) and PCT Articles 22 and 39(1).
4. A proper Demand for International Preliminary Examination was made by the 19th month from the earliest claimed priority date.
5. A copy of the International Application as filed (35 U.S.C. 371 (c) (2))
 - a. is transmitted herewith (required only if not transmitted by the International Bureau).
 - b. has been transmitted by the International Bureau.
 - c. is not required, as the application was filed in the United States Receiving Office (RO/US).
6. A translation of the International Application into English (35 U.S.C. 371(c)(2)).
7. A copy of the International Search Report (PCT/ISA/210).
8. Amendments to the claims of the International Application under PCT Article 19 (35 U.S.C. 371 (c)(3))
 - a. are transmitted herewith (required only if not transmitted by the International Bureau).
 - b. have been transmitted by the International Bureau.
 - c. have not been made; however, the time limit for making such amendments has NOT expired.
 - d. have not been made and will not be made.
9. A translation of the amendments to the claims under PCT Article 19 (35 U.S.C. 371(c)(3)).
10. An oath or declaration of the inventor(s) (35 U.S.C. 371 (c)(4)).
11. A copy of the International Preliminary Examination Report (PCT/IPEA/409).
12. A translation of the annexes to the International Preliminary Examination Report under PCT Article 36 (35 U.S.C. 371 (c)(5)).

Items 13 to 20 below concern document(s) or information included:

13. An Information Disclosure Statement under 37 CFR 1.97 and 1.98.
14. An assignment document for recording. A separate cover sheet in compliance with 37 CFR 3.28 and 3.31 is included.
15. A **FIRST** preliminary amendment.
16. A **SECOND** or **SUBSEQUENT** preliminary amendment.
17. A substitute specification.
18. A change of power of attorney and/or address letter.
19. Certificate of Mailing by Express Mail
20. Other items or information:

Postcard**Check****Express Mail Label No. EL390879760US****Date of Delivery: October 30, 2000**

U.S. APPLICATION NO. (IF KNOWN, SEE 37 CFR 09/674292	INTERNATIONAL APPLICATION NO. PCT/US98/08716	ATTORNEY'S DOCKET NUMBER 21508-022 Natl
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21. The following fees are submitted:

BASIC NATIONAL FEE (37 CFR 1.492 (a) (1) - (5)) :

- | | |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------|
| <input type="checkbox"/> Neither international preliminary examination fee (37 CFR 1.482) nor international search fee (37 CFR 1.445(a)(2) paid to USPTO and International Search Report not prepared by the EPO or JPO | \$970.00 |
| <input type="checkbox"/> International preliminary examination fee (37 CFR 1.482) not paid to USPTO but Internation Search Report prepared by the EPO or JPO | \$840.00 |
| <input type="checkbox"/> International preliminary examination fee (37 CFR 1.482) not paid to USPTO but international search fee (37 CFR 1.445(a)(2)) paid to USPTO | \$690.00 |
| <input type="checkbox"/> International preliminary examination fee paid to USPTO (37 CFR 1.482) but all claims did not satisfy provisions of PCT Article 33(1)-(4)..... | \$670.00 |
| <input type="checkbox"/> International preliminary examination fee paid to USPTO (37 CFR 1.482) and all claims satisfied provisions of PCT Article 33(1)-(4)..... | \$96.00 |

CALCULATIONS PTO USE ONLY

ENTER APPROPRIATE BASIC FEE AMOUNT =

\$690.00

Surcharge of **\$130.00** for furnishing the oath or declaration later than 20 30 months from the earliest claimed priority date (37 CFR 1.492 (e)).

\$130.00

CLAIMS	NUMBER FILED	NUMBER EXTRA	RATE	
Total claims	20 - 20 =	0	x \$18.00	\$0.00
Independent claims	8 - 3 =	5	x \$80.00	\$400.00

Multiple Dependent Claims (check if applicable).

TOTAL OF ABOVE CALCULATIONS =	\$1,220.00
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Reduction of 1/2 for filing by small entity, if applicable. Verified Small Entity Statement must also be filed (Note 37 CFR 1.9, 1.27, 1.28) (check if applicable). **\$0.00**

SUBTOTAL =	\$1,220.00
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Processing fee of **\$130.00** for furnishing the English translation later than 20 30 months from the earliest claimed priority date (37 CFR 1.492 (f)). **\$0.00**

TOTAL NATIONAL FEE =	\$1,220.00
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Fee for recording the enclosed assignment (37 CFR 1.21(h)). The assignment must be accompanied by an appropriate cover sheet (37 CFR 3.28, 3.31) (check if applicable). **\$0.00**

TOTAL FEES ENCLOSED =	\$1,220.00
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	Amount to be: refunded	\$
	charged	\$

A check in the amount of **\$1,220.00** to cover the above fees is enclosed.

Please charge my Deposit Account No. _____ in the amount of _____ to cover the above fees. A duplicate copy of this sheet is enclosed.

The Commissioner is hereby authorized to charge any fees which may be required, or credit any overpayment to Deposit Account No. **50-0311** A duplicate copy of this sheet is enclosed.

NOTE: Where an appropriate time limit under 37 CFR 1.494 or 1.495 has not been met, a petition to revive (37 CFR 1.137(a) or (b)) must be filed and granted to restore the application to pending status.

SEND ALL CORRESPONDENCE TO:

BEATTIE, Ingrid A.
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SIGNATURE

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NAME

42,306

REGISTRATION NUMBER

October 30, 2000

DATE

10 Reg PCT/US Q 1 AUG 2001

Express Mail Label No.: EK005149397US

Date of Deposit: August 1, 2001

Attorney Docket No. 21508-022 NATL

IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

APPLICANTS: McMahon et al.
ASSIGNEE: President and Fellows of Harvard College
SERIAL NUMBER: 09/674,292 EXAMINER: Not Yet Assigned
I.A. FILING DATE: April 30, 1998 ART UNIT: Not Yet Assigned
FOR: INDUCTION OF NEURONAL REGENERATION

August 1, 2001
Boston, Massachusetts

BOX PCT
Assistant Commissioner for Patents
Washington, D.C. 20231

**STATEMENT IN SUPPORT OF COMPUTER READABLE
FORM SUBMISSION UNDER 37 C.F.R. § 1.821(f)**

I hereby state that the content of the paper and computer readable forms of the Sequence Listing, submitted in the above-identified application in accordance with 37 C.F.R. § 1.821(c) and 1.821(e), respectively, are the same.

Respectfully submitted,



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#12

Express Mail Label No.: EK005149397US**Date of Deposit: August 1, 2001****Attorney Docket No. 21508-022 NATL****IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE**

APPLICANTS: McMahon et al.
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PRELIMINARY AMENDMENT

Prior to examination of the above-identified patent application, please amend the application as set forth below and consider the following remarks.

In the Specification:

Please insert the Sequence Listing, pages 1-15, at the end of the specification.

REMARKS

Applicants submit a Sequence Listing for the nucleotide sequences disclosed in the specification, in compliance with the requirements for patent applications containing nucleotide sequences and/or amino acid sequence disclosures. 37 C.F.R. §§ 1.821-1.825.

CONCLUSION

Applicants respectfully submit that the present application complies with 37 C.F.R. §§ 1.821-1.825. If there are any questions regarding these amendments and remarks, the Examiner is encouraged to contact the undersigned at the telephone number provided below.

Respectfully submitted,


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10 Rec'd 30 OCT 2000

30 OCT 2000

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INDUCTION OF NEURONAL REGENERATIONBackground of the Invention

5 The invention relates to neuronal growth and differentiation.

Wnt polypeptides are secreted cysteine-rich glycosylated polypeptides that play a role in the development of a wide range of organisms. The Wnt family 10 of polypeptides contains at least 16 mammalian members which bind to an extracellular domain of a family of cell surface proteins called Frizzled receptors. Wnt polypeptides may play a role in embryonic induction, generation of cell polarity, and specification of cell 15 fate. Deregulation of Wnt signalling has been linked to tumor development.

Summary of the Invention

The invention is based on the discovery that Wnt polypeptides regulate neuronal precursor cell fate, i.e., 20 the type of neuron into which a precursor cell differentiates depends qualitatively on the Wnt signal it receives. For example, Wnt-1 specifies midbrain cell fate. In addition to regulation of cell type, Wnt polypeptides regulate neural precursor state, i.e., 25 proliferation versus differentiation. A stem cell phenotype is characterized by mitotic activity and a lack of characteristics associated with a mature terminally-differentiated neuron, whereas a differentiated phenotype is characterized by a lack of proliferation and 30 acquisition of properties, e.g., morphology or cell surface proteins, associated with a particular terminally-differentiated neural cell type.

The invention features an enriched population of mammalian dorsal neural precursor cells that maintain a 35 stem cell phenotype in the presence of a Wnt polypeptide. By an "enriched population" is meant a population of

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cells that has been treated with a Wnt polypeptide to selectively expand a desired neural precursor cell type. Thus, an enriched population of neural precursor cells is not naturally-occurring, but contains a higher 5 concentration of neural precursor cells having a particular cell fate compared to the concentration in a naturally-occurring population of stem cells.

The Wnt polypeptide is preferably a Wnt-1 class polypeptide such as Wnt-1, Wnt-2, Wnt-3a, Wnt-7a, and 10 Wnt-7b. A Wnt-1 class polypeptide is a Wnt polypeptide that transforms C57MG cells in culture. Other Wnt polypeptides, e.g., Wnt-5a, that play a role in midbrain development may also be used to culture stem cells.

A drawback of conventional stem cell preparations 15 is that they heterogenous, i.e., a precursor cell with a particular cell fate may constitute only a small fraction of the population. The invention solves this problem by providing a method of selecting for a desired precursor cell type, i.e., by contacting the cell with a Wnt 20 polypeptide. For example, the invention provides a method of treating a heterogeneous population of neural cell precursor cells to enrich for neural precursor cells committed to a desired cell fate by culturing the population with a Wnt polypeptide, e.g., a Wnt-1 class 25 polypeptide. Neural precursor cells selectively proliferate in the presence of the Wnt polypeptide, whereas other precursor cells do not proliferate (or proliferate at a rate lower than that of the dorsal neural precursor cells). Thus, repeated culturing of the 30 population in this manner yields a population of neural precursor cells that is progressively more enriched for dorsal neural precursor cells. The enriched population of dorsal neural precursor cells is at least 60%, preferably at least 75%, more preferably at least 80%, 35 more preferably at least 90%, more preferably at least

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95%, more preferably at least 98%, and most preferably 100% dorsal neural precursor cells.

For example, the invention encompasses an enriched population of mammalian dopaminergic neuron precursor cells. Selection of such cells is accomplished by contacting a heterogenous population of precursor cells with a Wnt-1 class polypeptide. The cells may be human or porcine cells and may be derived from fetal tissue. The cells are mitotically-active and maintaining a stem cell phenotype in the presence of a Wnt polypeptide. In the absence of a Wnt polypeptide, the cells cease proliferating and differentiate into dopaminergic neurons. A dopaminergic neuron is one that produces dopamine. Preferably, the Wnt polypeptide is human Wnt-1 or a fragment of Wnt-1 that is capable of stimulating proliferation of such cells and arresting differentiation. Since Wnt polypeptides have mitogenic activity for neural precursor cells, a method of stimulating cell proliferation of a dorsal neural precursor cell is carried out by contacting the cell in culture or *in vivo* with a Wnt-1 polypeptide and/or a Wnt-3a polypeptide. To promote proliferation of mammalian dopaminergic neuron precursor cells, the polypeptide preferably has a sequence that is at least 80% identical to amino acid sequence of naturally-occurring human Wnt-1 (SEQ ID NO:1) and has a biological property of naturally-occurring Wnt-1, e.g., the ability to maintain the neural stem cell phenotype of a neural precursor cell in culture.

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Table 1: Human Wnt-1 amino acid sequence

1 MGLWALLPGW VSATLLLALA ALPAALAANS SGRWWGIVNV ASSTNLLTDS
 KSLQLVLEPS
 61 LQLLSRKQRR LIRQNPGILH SVSGGLQSAV RECKWQFRNR RWNCPTAPGP
 5 HLFKGKIVNRG
 121 CRETAFIFAI TSAGVTHSVA RSCSEGSIES CTCDYRRRGD GGPDPWHWGCG
 SDNNIDFGRLF
 181 GREFVDSGEK GRDLRFLMNL HNNEAGRRTTV FSEMQRQECKC HGMMSGSCTVR
 TCWMRLPTLR
 10 241 AVGDVLRDRF DGASRVLYGN RGSNRASRAE LLRLEPEDPA HKPPSPHDLV
 YFEKSPNFT
 301 YSGRLGTAGT AGRACNSSSP ALDGCELLCC GRGHRTRTQR VTERCNCTFH
 WCCHVSCRNC
 361 THTRVLHECL (SEQ ID NO:1)

15 Table 2: Human Wnt-2 amino acid sequence

MNAPLGGIWLWLPPLLLTWLTPEVNSSWWYMRATGGSSRVMCDNV
 PGLVSSQRQLCHRHPDVRAISQGVAEWTAEQHQFRQHRWCNTLDRDHSLFGRVLL
 RSSRESAFVYAISSAGVVFAITRACSQGEVKSCSDPKKMGSAKDSKGIFDWGGCSDN
 IDYGIKFARAFVDAKERKGKDARALMNLHNRRAGRKAVKRFLKQECKCHGVSGSCTLR
 20 TCWLAMADFRKTGTDYLWRKYNGAIQVVMNQDGTGFTVANERFKKPTKNDLVYFENSPD
 YCIRDREAGSLTAGRVCNLTSRGMDSEVMCCGRGYDTSHVTRMTKCGCKFHGCCAV
 RCQDCLEALDVHTCKAPKNADWTAT (SEQ ID NO:2)

Where a particular polypeptide or nucleic acid molecule is said to have a specific percent identity to a reference polypeptide or nucleic acid molecule of a defined length, the percent identity is relative to the reference polypeptide or nucleic acid molecule. Thus, a peptide that is 50% identical to a reference polypeptide that is 100 amino acids long can be a 50 amino acid polypeptide that is completely identical to a 50 amino acid long portion of the reference polypeptide. It might also be a 100 amino acid long polypeptide which is 50% identical to the reference polypeptide over its entire length. In the case of polypeptide sequences which are less than 100% identical to a reference sequence, the non-identical positions are preferably, but not necessarily, conservative substitutions for the reference sequence. Conservative substitutions typically include substitutions within the following groups: glycine and alanine; valine, isoleucine, and leucine; aspartic acid and glutamic acid; asparagine and glutamine; serine and threonine; lysine and arginine; and phenylalanine and tyrosine.

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Sequence identity can be measured using sequence analysis software (for example, the Sequence Analysis Software Package of the Genetics Computer Group, University of Wisconsin Biotechnology Center, 1710 5 University Avenue, Madison, WI 53705), with the default parameters as specified therein.

An enriched population of mammalian dorsal hindbrain precursor cells is also within the invention. Such cells are selected by contacting a heterogenous 10 population of cells with a mixture of a Wnt-1 polypeptide and a Wnt-3a polypeptide. An enriched population of mitotically-active mammalian hippocampal neuron precursor cells are selected by culturing the cells in the presence of a Wnt-1 class polypeptide such as Wnt-3a; the cells 15 maintain a stem cell phenotype in culture in the presence of a Wnt-3a polypeptide. Such precursor cells cease proliferating and differentiate into hippocampal neurons in the absence of the Wnt-3a polypeptide. Preferably, the Wnt-3a polypeptide has a sequence that is at least 20 80% identical to SEQ ID NO:2 and has a biological property of naturally-occurring Wnt-3a, e.g., the ability to maintain a neural stem cell phenotype in culture.

Table 3: Murine Wnt-3a amino acid sequence

MAPILGYLLVLCSLQALGSYPIWWSLAVGPOYSSLSTOPILCAS
25 IPGLVPKQLRFCRNYVEIMPSVAEGVKAGIQECQHQFRGRRWNCTTVNSNLAIFGPVLDKATRESAFVHAIASAGVAFAVTRSCAEGSAAICGSSRLQGSPGEGWKWGGCSEDIEFGGMVSREFADARENRPDARSAMNRHNNEAGRQAIASHMHLCKCHGLSGSCEVKTCWWSQPDFRTIGDFLKDKYDSASEMVVEKHRESRGWETLRPRYTFKVPTERDLVYYEASPNFCEPNPETGSFGTRDRTCNVSSHGIDGCDLLCCGRGHNARTERRREKCHCVFHWC
30 CYVSCQECTRVYDVHTCK (SEQ ID NO:3)

Table 10: Human Wnt-3a amino acid sequence

CKCHGLSGSC EVKTCWWSQP DFRAIGDFLK DKYDSASEMV VEKHRESRGW
35 VETLPRYTY FKVPTERDLV YYEASPNFCE PNPETGSFGT RDRTCNVSSH GIDGCDLLCC GRGHNARAER RREKCRCVFH WCC (SEQ ID NO:10)

Table 4: Human Wnt-7a amino acid sequence

1 MNRKALRCLG HLFLSLGMVC LRIGGFSSVV ALGATIICNK IPGLAPRQRA ICQSRPDAII
61 VIGEGSQMGL DECQFQFRNG RWNCALGER TVFGKELKVG SRDGAFTYAI IAAGVAHAIT
121 AACTHGNLSD CGCDKEKQGQ YHRDEGWKG GCSADIRYGI GFAKVFVDAR EIKQNARTLM
181 NLHNNEAGRK ILEENMKLEC KCHGVSGSCT TKTCWTLPQ FRELGYVLKD KYNEAVHVEP
241 VRASRNKRPT FLKIKKPLSY RKPMDTDILVY IEKSPNYCEE DPVTGSVTQ GRACNKTAPQ

- 6 -

301 ASGC DLMCCG RGYNTHQYAR VWQCNC KFW CCYVK CNTCS ERTE MYTCK

Table 5: Human Wnt-7b partial amino acid sequence

1 GVSGSCTTKT CWTTLPKFRE VGHLLKEKYN AAVOVEVVRA SRLRQPTFLR IKQLRSYQKP
61 METDLVYIEK SPNYCEEDAA TGSGVTQGRRI CNRTSPGADG CDTMCCGRGY NTHQYTKVWQ
5 121 CNCK (SEQ ID NO:5)

Table 6: Human Wnt-5a amino acid sequence

1 MAGSAMSSKF FLVALAIFFS FAQVVIEANS WWSLGMNNPV QMSEVYIIGA QPLCSQLAGL
61 SQGQKKLCHL YQDHMQYIGE GAKTGIKECQ YQFRHRRWNC STVDNTSVFG RVMQIGSRET
121 AFTYAVSAAG VVNAMSRACR EGELSTCGCS RAARPFDLPR DWLWGCGDN IDYGYRFAKE
10 181 FVDARERERI HAKGSYESAR ILMNLHNNEA GRRTVYNLAD VACKCHGVSG SCSSLKTCWLQ
241 LADFRKVGDAA LKEKYDSAAA MRLNSRGKLV QVNSRFNSPT TQDLVYIDPS PDYCVRNEST
301 GSLGTQGRLL NKTSEGMDGC ELMCCGRGYD QFKTVQTERC HCKFHWCCYV KCKKCTEIVD
361 QFVCK (SEQ ID NO:6)

Other patterning signals, e.g., Bmp polypeptides or Hedgehog polypeptides, are also used to induce differentiation of an enriched population of neural precursor cells into a differentiated neural cell type.

An population of neural precursor cells that is enriched for a particular type of precursor cell is useful clinically, e.g., to repopulate a depleted population of a particular type of neuron. Depletion of subpopulations of neurons may be the result of the progression of a neurodegenerative disease such as Parkinson's Disease, Amyotrophic Lateral Sclerosis, Diffuse Lewy Body Disease, Cortical-basal Ganglionic Degeneration, Hallervorden-Spatz Disease, or Myoclonic Epilepsy. A method of inducing neuronal regeneration in an adult mammal suffering from a neurodegenerative disorder is carried out by transplanting into the affected mammal an enriched population of dorsal neural precursor cells such as that cultured in the presence of one or more Wnt polypeptides. To promote proliferation of the transplanted stem cells *in vivo*, the method may also include a step of administering to the mammal a Wnt polypeptide or Wnt agonist systemically or locally at the site of transplantation. For example, a patient suffering from Parkinson's disease is treated by transplanting into the brain of the patient an enriched

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population of dopaminergic neuron precursor cells. A Wnt-1 polypeptide may be administered concurrently or subsequent to transplantation.

The invention also includes a transgenic non-human mammal, e.g., a rodent such as a mouse, the germ cells and somatic cells of which contain a null mutation, e.g., a deletion, in DNA encoding a Wnt polypeptide. These animals can serve as useful models of neural development. By "null mutation" is meant an alteration in the nucleotide sequence that renders the gene incapable of expressing a functional protein product. The mutation could be in a Wnt gene regulatory region or in the coding sequence. It can, e.g., introduce a stop codon that results in production of a truncated, inactive gene product or it can be a deletion of all or a substantial portion of the coding sequence.

Other features and advantages of the invention will be apparent from the following description of the preferred embodiments thereof, and from the claims.

20 Detailed Description

The invention provides methods of selecting for neural precursor cells that will differentiate into a particular type of neuron upon exposure to a differentiation-inducing condition or composition and methods for growing such precursor cells in culture. The methods permit expansion of precursor cells of a desired cell fate to achieve large number of cells suitable for clinical transplantation.

Neural Stem Cells

30 Primary neural progenitor cells are obtained from a mammalian source, e.g., fetal CNS precursor tissue such as developing neural crest tissue, using known methods. Such primary cells are cultured in the presence of a Wnt polypeptide such as Wnt-1 class polypeptide (purified 35 from a natural source or produced recombinantly) in

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conventional tissue culture medium such as Dulbecco's Modified Eagles Medium (DMEM) containing fetal calf serum or in serum-free tissue culture medium.

Wnt polypeptides regulate neuronal precursor cell 5 fate as well as neural precursor state. Wnt polypeptides that belong to the Wnt-1 class of Wnt polypeptides are preferably used to culture neural precursor cells for the purpose of maintaining a stem cell phenotype and promoting proliferation. A Wnt-1 class polypeptide is a 10 Wnt polypeptide and that transforms C57MG cells in culture. To determine whether a Wnt polypeptide is a Wnt-1 class polypeptide, C57MG cells (an epithelial cell line derived from normal mouse mammary tissue) are cultured in the presence and absence of the Wnt 15 polypeptide using known methods, e.g., that described by Wong et al., 1994, Mol. Cell. Biol. 14:6278-6286, and their morphology assessed for a transformed phenotype. Normal C57MG cells grow in a monolayer with a regular, cuboidal appearance at confluence, whereas culturing 20 C57MG cells in the presence of a Wnt-1 class polypeptide causes the cells to become transformed, i.e., refractile and elongated, growing over other cells in a disorganized manner. Wnt polypeptides of the Wnt-1 class cause C57MG cells to assume a transformed phenotype. Human Wnt 25 polypeptides which belong to the Wnt-1 class include Wnt-1 (GENBANK Accession #139743, Wnt-2 (GENBANK Accession #139750), Wnt-3a, Wnt-7a (GENBANK Accession #2501663), and Wnt-7b (GENBANK Accession #546573). A Wnt polypeptide, e.g., human Wnt-5a (GENBANK Accession 30 #731157), that is not a member of the Wnt-1 class may also be used (with or without a Wnt-1 class polypeptide) to culture neural precursor cells.

The cells are cultured in the presence or absence of feeder cells. Feeder cells may be engineered to 35 produce a recombinant Wnt-1 class polypeptide such as

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Wnt-1 and/or Wnt-3a, e.g., by introducing DNA encoding a Wnt polypeptide, e.g., DNA encoding Wnt-1, Wnt-2, Wnt-3a, Wnt-7a or Wnt-7b, into the cell and culturing the cell under conditions that permit expression of the recombinant polypeptide and secretion of the polypeptide into the extracellular environment. For example, feeder cells can be transfected with an expression vector containing DNA having the sequence of naturally-occurring Wnt-1, Wnt-2, or Wnt-3a.

10 Table 7: Human Wnt-1 Nucleotide Sequence

1 atgtatgtat gtatgtatgt atgtatgtat acgtgcgtgc acctgtgtgt
gcttgggtgc
61 agtggggctc agacatcacc tgattccctg gaactggagt tacaggtggc
tataaggccac
121 cacttgggtg ctgagaacag agtccgggcc tctggcagag cagtcagtgc
tttttagccac
181 tgagccactc tcattcccc aattatgttc atcttgagtt gggcaggta
ggtggccggaa
241 taggcctgta atcccagcag tcactggacc atcatgggtt ctacatatta
20 aacctttatg
301 tttaggttaggg tcacacagca agateccgtc acaaaaaccag caacaacaaaa
aaccaaaaagg
361 agccagcttc ttcccacaag cattcttcc ctcaggtt cagctccatc
tgacagctac
421 tcggctggtg gtcctatcct ttctgagcct agttgccaga gaaacaagcc
25 cggttcatct
481 tcatgactag cacatctaata gataagcaca ggttgactca aggtgccata
gagtgacact
541 aggtacccag agcgacagaa tgacacctat gagtgcacgt cgtaatcac
30 aaacacacac
601 acacacacac acacacacac acacacacac tcatgcaccc acctgcaaac
acaatttgcag
661 ccttctggac gtctcctgtc acagccccac ctccttcctg atacactgcg
ttaagtggtg
721 actgtAACAA aatgacttca tgctctccct gtcctgagcc aaattacaca
attattttgaa
781 aagggtctcaa aatgttcttc gttagaagtt tctggataca ccaatacaca
ggagegtgca
841 ccctcagaac acatgtacac tttgacttaa ttcacgggt gacacaccga
40 cgcttacact
901 cccccctagcc cacagaggca aactgctggg cgcttctgag tttctcactg
ccaccagctc
961 ggtttgcctca gcctaccccc gcaccccgcg cccgggaatc cctgaccaca
gctccaccca
1021 tgctctgtct ctttctttc cttctctgtc cagccgtcgg gtttcctggg
45 tgaggaagtg
1081 tctccacgga gtcgctggct agaaccacaa ctttcattcct gccattcaga
atagggaaaga
1141 gaagagacca cagcgttaggg gggacagagg agacggactt cgagaggaca
50 gccccacccg
1201 cgctgtgggg ggaggcaatc caggctgcaa acaggttgc cccagcgcac
tgtcccccgcg
1261 cccccctggcg gatgctggtc cccgacgggc tccggacgcg cagaagagtg
aggccggcgc
55 1321 gcgtgggagg ccatcccaag gggaggggtc ggccggccagt gcagacctgg
aggcggggcc

- 10 -

1381 accaggcagg gggcgaaaaa gagcccccac ggtagccctg tcagctctt
gctcagaccg
1441 gcaagagcca cagcttcgt cgccactcat tgtctgtggc cctgaccagt
5 ggcgccttgt
1501 gcttttagtg ccgcggggc ccggaggggc agcctcttct cactgcagtc
agcgcgccaa
1561 ctataagagg cctataagag gcggtgcctc ccgcagtgcc tgcttcagcc
cagcagccag
1621 gacagcgaac catgctgcct gcggcccgcc tccagactta ttagagccag
10 cctggaaact
1681 cgcattactg ccctcaccgc tgtgtccagt cccaccgtcg cggacagcaa
ccacagtctg
1741 cagaaccgca gcacagaacc agcaaggcca ggcaggccat ggggtctgg
15 ggcgtctgc
1801 ccagctgggt ttctactacg ttgctactgg cactgaccgc tctgccccca
gccctgctg
1861 ccaacagtag tggccgatgg tggttaagtga gctgtacgg ggtccgcac
ttgtctggg
1921 gcaaagagcc aggcacgggc cttaccacgc tcccacgtg tggggatcac
20 caacccatag
1981 acccccctcg tgcatttgta cttcacatcc agggtgctca cacctagaac
tagctctgct
2041 gaagtggggc acatcattgg catgcagaag cccagataca ccaggctcag
agaccattcc
25 2101 catttaatac gaccccgaaa ctgctgagca acaggtccca acctcgctgt
ggtgggtgt
2161 caggtgtccc ttaggtcttg aaccaaaaaa aaaaaaaaaa aaaaaaaaaa
accagatatt
2221 agcttgagg tgagggagtg gaattcctaa gttttcaag gtggcaagg
30 ctgcagggtgg
2281 ggtttctcct cgggggtctga cttgaagaaa ggaagagcta aggtagccat
gcctttctg
2341 tccactcact agactctgga gctcaggccc aggcaaggat agggtggtac
agcctgtatg
35 2401 gtttagatgc aggtccccctc ccctggactg aacccttatg catcccgoca
ggggcatcg
2461 gaacatagcc tcctccacga acctgttgac ggattccaag agtctgcagc
tggtgctcg
2521 gcccagtctg cagctgctga gcccgaagca gcccggactg atccgacaga
40 acccgggat
2581 cctgcacagc gtgagtgtag ggctccagag cgctgtgcga gagtgcaaat
ggcaattccg
2641 aaaccgcccgc tggaaactgcc ccactgctcc gggggccac ctttcggca
45 agatcgtaa
2701 ccgaggtggg tgcccaggaa agcgcacgctt ccgggattaa gggaaaagca
gggtcatctc
2761 cagggcatag gcggggcaag gcagggaaaga catcccaggg ttatatgtga
tcaaactgag
2821 aatcgctgg tgccggcagt taccgttagt cagcaccaga ttcttctag
50 cttgcgttg
2881 tgagcatgat ctttaacggt gctggccact ggcccacaga aaggaaattc
cgatcgatgg
2941 ggcgtggcg acagctgttt ttccctagcc ttctcaaag gtacctggga
55 agctgatctc
3001 tgaggctag ctagggttgt gcttcgcacc cagcaaagtt tgcaactgcca
atactatgt
3061 ccatctggc tatgcagatt tggtctactt gggaaatctcc cttggagct
gctctgtatg
3121 ggctctggag tctcagtaaa gcttagagag gaggccattc catgcttcgc
60 acacatgact
3181 ccaaggatgt tggactgttag ggtaccaagt cttccaaaca gggtgctgag
ttggccac
3241 gccttctctc aactgatgcg ggtcgcttc acccacaggc tgccgagaaa
cagcgatcat
65 3301 ctgcgaatc acctccggccg gggcacaca ttccgtggcg cgatcctgct
ccgaaggctc

- 11 -

3361 catcgagtc tgccacctgcg actaccggcg ggcggccccct gggggccccg
actggcactg
3421 ggggggctgc agtgacaaca tcgattttgg tcgcctctt ggccgagagt
tcgtggactc
5 3481 cggggagaag gggcgggacc tacgcttct catgaacctt cacaacaacg
aggcaggcg
3541 aacggtatgt cggtgtgtcc ggaaccaatg gcaggggaga tgtaagacag
gtgcacgggg
3601 acagaggcac agggaggggc ttcccggagag agtgggactc taggagggaa
10 gacagagaag
3661 aggtgggtgt tgagggcaaa gaggttcctg agctgatgac agaacagaag
agatttagcag
3721 gctatcaaca cgtggatgt attgagatgg ctccatggca cactttgaa
15 agataaaaatg
3781 gacttgcgtgg cgtggagcag agtctggccg aatgtcccta ttcgcgggg
ccatTTGCA
3841 cttcctctct cccgagctta gtcacacctg gaccttggct gaagtttcca
cagcatcgac
3901 gtgaccgggg tgggtgggg gtggggaaat atgggtgggt gttcgtggga
20 ttttggctt
3961 gacccccc tccctccctcc cctcgtcccc tcctccccca gaccgtgttc
tctgagatgc
4021 gccaagagtg caaatgccac gggatgtccg qtcctgcac ggtgcgcac
tggatgc
4081 ggctgcocac gtcgcgcgt gtgggcgacg tgctgcgcga ccgcggccac
ggcgcctccc
4141 gcgtccttta cggcaaccga ggcagcaacc gcgcctcgcg ggccggagctg
ctgcgcctgg
4201 agcccgaaaga ccccgccac aagcctccct cccctcacga ctcgtctac
30 ttcgagaaat
4261 cggccaaactt ctgcacgtac agtggccgac tggcacagc tggcacagct
ggacgagactt
4321 gcaacagctc gtctcccgcg ctggacgcgt gtgagctgt gtgtgtggc
cgaggccacc
35 4381 gcacgcgcac gcagcgcgtc acggagcgct gcaactgcac cttccactgg
tgctgcac
4441 tcagctggcg caactgcacg cacacgcgcg ttctgcacga gtgtctatga
ggtgcgcgc
4501 ctccggaaac gggaaacgcgc tcttccagtt ctcagacaca ctcgcgtggc
40 ctgatgtttg
4561 cccaccctac cgctccaggc cacagtccca gggttcatag cgatccatct
ctccccaccctc
4621 ctacctgggg actcctgaaa ccacttgcct gagtcggcgc gaaccctttt
gccatcctga
4681 gggccctgac ccagcctacc tccctccactc tttgagggag actccttttg
cactgcccc
4741 caatttggcc agagggttag agaaagattc ttcttctgg gtgggggtgg
ggaggtcaac
4801 tcttgaaggt gttcggttc ctgatgtatt ttgcgtgtg acctctttgg
50 gtattatcac
4861 ctttccctgt ctctcggtc cctataggtc ctttgagttc tctaaccagg
acctctggcc
4921 ttcaaggcct tcccccctccc acctgttagct gaagagttc cgagttgaaa
gggcacggaa
4981 agctaagtgg gaaaggaggt tgctggaccc agcagcaaaa ccctacattc
tccttgcctc
5041 tgccctcgag ccattgaaca gctgtgaacc atgcctccct cagcctccctc
ccaccccttc
5101 ctgtcctgac tcctcatcac tgtgtaaata atttgcacccg aaatgtggcc
60 gcagagccac
5161 gctttcggtt atgtaaataa aactatttat ttttgcgtgggt tccagctgg
gttgcagaga
5221 ccacccctcac cccacccctcac tgcctctctg ttctgcgtgc cagtcctttt
gttatccgac
5281 cttttttctc ttttacccag ctttcatacg gcccattgc ccacccggatc
agtatttcc

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5341 tccactgtag ctattagtgg ctcctcgccc ccaccaatgt agtatcttcc
tctgaggaaat
5401 aaaatatcta tttttatcaa cgactctggc ccttgaatcc agaacacacgc
atggcttcca
5461 acgtcctctt cccttccaat ggacttgctt ctcttctcat agccaaacaaa
aagagataga
5521 gttgttgaag atctctttc cagggcctga gcaaggaccc tgagatcctg
acccttggat
5581 qaccctaaat qagaccaact agggatc (SEQ ID NO:7)

10 Table 8: Human Wnt-2 Nucleotide Sequence

	1	agcagagcg	acgggcgc	gggaggcg	cagagctt	gggctgcagg	cgctcgctgc
15	61	cgctgggaa	ttgggctgt	ggcgaggcg	tccgggctgg	ccttatcg	tcgctggcc
	121	catcgttga	aactttatca	gcgagtgc	actcgatcg	ggaccgagcg	gggggcgggg
	181	gcccggcg	gccccggc	tgacgaggcg	ctccccggagc	tgagcgctt	tgctctgggc
	241	acgcatggcg	cccccacacg	gagtcgtgacc	tgtatcgac	gcaagggggt	taatatgaac
20	301	gcccttc	gtggaaatctg	gctctggctc	cctctgtct	tgacctggct	caccccccgg
	361	gtcaacttct	catgggtgt	catgagagct	acagggtgt	cctccagggt	gatgtgcgt
	421	aatgtgc	gcctggtag	cagccagcgg	cagctgtgtc	accgacatcc	agatgtgtat
	481	cgtgccatta	gccaggcg	ggccgagtg	acagcagaat	gccagcacca	gttccgcca
	541	caccgctg	attgcaacac	cctggacagg	gatcacagcc	tttttggcag	ggtcctactc
25	601	cgaagtatgc	ggaaatctgc	ctttgtttat	gccatctcct	cagctggagt	tgatattgc
	661	atcaccagg	cctgtagcca	aggagaagta	aaatctgtt	cctgtgatcc	aaagaagatg
	721	ggaagcgc	aggacagcaa	aggcatttt	gattgggggt	gctgcagt	taacattgtac
	781	tatggatca	aatttggcc	cgcatttgt	tgatgc	aaaggaaagg	aaaggatgccc
	841	agaccctg	tgaatcttc	caacaacaga	gctggcagg	aggctgtaaa	gcgggtcttg
30	901	aaacaagagt	gcaagtgc	cggggtgagc	ggotcatgt	ctctcaggac	atgctggctg
	961	gccatggcc	acttcaggaa	aacgggcgt	tatctctg	ggaagtacaa	tggggcccatt
	1021	caggtgg	tgaaccagg	tggcacagg	tcaactgtt	ctaaccagg	gtttaagaag
	1081	ccaaacgaaaa	atgacctgt	gtatattgag	aattctccag	actactgt	cagggaccg
35	1141	gaggcagg	ccctgggtac	agcaggccgt	gtgtgc	tgacttcccg	gggcattggac
	1201	agctgtg	tcatgtgt	tgggagagc	tacgacac	cccatgtc	ccggatgacc
	1261	aagtgtgg	gtaaatcc	ctgggtgtc	gcccgtgcgt	gtcaggact	cctggaa
	1321	ctggatgt	acacatg	ggcccccaag	aacgctgact	ggacaaccgc	tacatgacc
	1381	cagcaggcgt	caccatcoac	cttcccttct	acaaggact	cattggatct	gcaagaacac
40	1441	tggacctt	ggttcttct	gggggat	tccctaaggc	atgtggc	tatctcaac
	1501	gaagcccc	cttccct	ggggggccca	ggatgggggg	ccacacgt	cacctaaagc
	1561	ctaccctatt	ctatccat	ctgtgtgtc	tgcagt	ccccctct	ggaggttctc
	1621	tttggaaata	gcatgacagg	ctgttgcag	gggggggt	tggggccaga	ccactgtctc
	1681	caccac	gacgttctt	cttcttagag	cagttggc	agcagaaaaaa	aaagtgtctc
45	1741	aaaggagctt	tctcaatgt	ttcccaaaaa	tggtcccaat	taagaaaattc	cataacttctc
	1801	tcagatgg	cagtaaagaa	agcagaatca	actgcccct	acttaactt	aacttttgg
	1861	aagaccaaga	ctttgtct	tacaagtgg	tttacagct	ccaccctt	gtaatttgg
	1921	aattacctg	agaagaatgg	ctttaatac	ccttttaa	ttaaaatgt	tattttca
	1981	ggcattt	gccatattaa	aatctgtatgt	aacaagggt	ggacgtgt	cctttgttac
	2041	tatgtgtgt	tgtatctt	taagagaaaa	agcctcaga	aggattgt	ttgcattact
	2101	gtccctt	tataaaaaat	ctttagggaa	tgagagttt	ttctca	aatctgaag
	2161	gaaataaaa	agaagatgaa	tggtctggca	atattctgt	actattgg	gaatatgg
	2221	gaaaataatt	tagtgatgg	aatatcagaa	gtatatctgt	acagatcaag	aaaaaaaaagg
	2281	aqataaaaat	tcctatata	t (SEQ ID NO:8)			

50 Table 9: Murine Wnt-3A Nucleotide Sequence

```

      1 gaattcatagt cttacggtca aggcagaggg cccagcgcca ctgcagccg
gccacccccc
      61 agggccgggc cagccccaggc gtccgcgctc tcggggtgga ctccccccgg
55 tgcgcgctca
      121 agccggcgat ggctcccttc ggataacctt tagtgtcttg cagcctgaa
caggctctgg
      181 gcagactaccc gatctggtgg tccttggctg tgggacccca gtactcctc
60 ctgagcactc
      241 agcccattct ctgtgccagc atcccaggcc ttgtaccgaa gcagctgcg
ttctgcagga

```

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301 actacgtgga gatcatgccc agcgtggctg agggtgtcaa agcgggcata
 caggagtgcc
 361 agcaccagtt ccgaggccgg cggttggact gcaccaccgt cagcaacagc
 ctggccatct
 421 ttggccctgt tctggacaaa gccacccggg agtcagcctt tgtccatgcc
 atcgccatccg
 481 ctggagtagc tttcgactgt acacgctcct gtgcagaggg atcagctgt
 atctgtgggt
 541 gcacgcagccg cctccagggc tccccaggcg agggctggaa gtggggcggc
 10 ttagtgagg
 601 acattgaatt tggaggaatg gtctctcgaa agtttgcga tgccagggag
 aaccggccgg
 661 atgcccgtc tgccatgaac cgtcacaaca atgaggctgg gcccaggccc
 atcgccatgc
 15 721 acatgcacct caagtgcacaa tgccacggc tatctggcag ctgtgaagt
 aagacactgt
 781 ggtggtcgca gccggacttc cgccaccatcg gggatttctt caaggacaag
 tatgacagt
 841 cctcggagat ggtggtagag aaacaccgag agtctcggtt ctgggtggag
 20 accctgaggc
 901 cacgttacac gtacttaag gtggcagacag aacgcgacact ggttactac
 gaggcctcac
 961 ccaacttctg cgaacctaac cccgaaacccg gtccttcgg gacgcgtgac
 cgccacctgca
 25 1021 atgtgagctc gcatggata gatgggtgcg acctgttgcg ctgcgggcgc
 gggcataac
 1081 cgccgcactga ggcacggagg gagaatgcc actgtgtttt ccattgggtgc
 tgctacgtca
 1141 gctgccagga gtgcacacgt gtctatgacg tgcacacactg caagtaggag
 30 agctcttaac
 1201 acgggagcag ggtttattcc gagggggcaag gttcctacact gggggcgggg
 ttcctacttg
 1261 gaggggtctc ttacttgggg actcggttct tacttgggg cggagatcct
 acctgtgagg
 35 1321 gtttcataacc taaggacccg gtttctgcct tcagcctggg ctcctatttg
 ggtatctgggt
 1381 tccttttag gggagaagct cctgtctggg atacgggtttt ctgcccggagg
 gtggggctcc
 1441 acttggggat ggaattccaa tttggggccgg aagtccatacc tcaatggcct
 40 ggactcctct
 1501 cttgacccga cagggctcaa atggagacag gtaagctact ccctcaacta
 ggtgggggttc
 1561 gtgcggatgg gtgggggggg agagattagg gtcctcctc ccagaggcac
 tgctctatct
 45 1621 agatacatga gagggtgctt cagggtggc cctatttggg cttgaggatc
 ccgtgggggc
 1681 ggggcttcac cccgactggg tggaaactttt ggagaccccc ttccactggg
 gcaaggcttc
 1741 actgaagact catggatgg agtccacgg aaggaggagt tcctgagcga
 50 gcctggctc
 1801 tgagcaggcc atccagctcc catctggccc cttccagtc ctgggtgtaa
 gttcaacactg
 1861 caagcctcat ctgcgcagag caggatctcc tggcagaatg aggcatggag
 aagaactctag
 1921 ggggtataacc aagacctaac aaacccctgt cctgggtacc tctttaaag
 ctctgcaccc
 1981 ctcttcataag ggcttcataat gtctccttgg cagagtttc ctgaggaaga
 tttgcagtcc
 2041 cccagagttc aagtgaacac ccatagaaca gaacagactc tattctgagt
 60 agagagggtt
 2101 ctcttagaat ctctatgggg actgcttagga aggatctgg gcatgacagc
 ctcgtatgtat
 2161 agcctgcatac cgctctgaca cttataactc agatctcccg ggaaacccag
 ctcatccgt
 2221 ccgtgatgtc catgccccaa atgcctcaga gatgttgcct cactttgagt
 tgtatgaact

- 14 -

2281 tcggagacat gggcacacag tcaagccgca gagccagggt tgtttcagga
cccatctgat
2341 tccccagac ctgcgttgta ggcaatggc accagatccg ttggccacca
ccctgtcccc
5 2401 agcttctcta gtgtctgtct ggcctggaag tgaggtgcta catacagccc
atctgccaca
2461 agagtttctt gattggtacc actgtgaacc gtcctccccc ctccagacag
gggagggat
2521 gtggccatac aggagtgtgc ccggagagcg cgaaaaagg aagagaggct
10 gcacacgcgt
2581 ggtgactgac tgtcttctgc ctggaaacctt gcgttcgcgc ttgttaacttt
attttcaatg
2641 ctgctatatac cacccaccac tggatttaga caaaaagtat ttttttttt
tttttttctt
15 2701 ttctttctat gaaagaaatt attttagttt atagtatgtt tgtttcaaatt
aatggggaaa
2761 gtaaaaaagag agaaaaaaaaaaa aaaaaaaaaaaa aaaaaaaaaaaa aaaa
(SEQ ID NO:9)

Table 11: Human Wnt-3a nucleotide sequence

20 tgtaagtgcc acgggctgtc gggcagctgc gaggtgaaga catgctggtg
gtcgcaaccc gacttcccgcg ccatcggtga cttccctcaag gacaagtacg
acagcgccgc ggagatggtg gtggagaagc accgggagtc cccggcgctgg
gtggagaccc tgccggcccg ctacacccat ttcaaggtgc ccacggagcg
cgacctggtc tactacgagg ctcgcaccaa cttctgcgag cccaaaccctg
25 agacgggctc ctteggcacg cgcgaccgca cctgcacacgt cagctcgac
ggcatcgacg gctgcgaccc gctgtgtgc ggcgcggcc acaacgcgcg
agcggagcgg cgccgggaga agtgcgcgtg cgtgttcac tgggtctgt
(SEQ ID NO:11)

Stem cells may be obtained from a heterologous
30 donor animal such as a pig. The animal is euthanized and
tissue removed using a sterile procedure. Brain areas of
particular interest include any area from which
progenitor cells can be obtained which will serve to
restore function to a degenerated area of the host's
35 brain. These regions include areas of the CNS including
the cerebral cortex, cerebellum, midbrain, brainstem,
spinal cord and ventricular tissue, and areas of the
peripheral nervous system (PNS) including the carotid
body and the adrenal medulla. For example, cells may be
40 obtained from the basal ganglia, preferably the striatum
which consists of the caudate and putamen, or various
cell groups such as the globus pallidus, the subthalamic
nucleus, or the substantia nigra pars compacta (which is
found to be degenerated in Parkinson's Disease patients).

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Human heterologous neural progenitor cells may be derived from fetal tissue obtained from elective abortion, or from a post-natal, juvenile or adult organ donor. Autologous neural tissue can be obtained by 5 biopsy, or from patients undergoing neurosurgery in which neural tissue is removed, in particular during epilepsy surgery, and more particularly during temporal lobectomies and hippocampal resections.

Cells can be obtained from donor tissue by 10 dissociation of individual cells from the connecting extracellular matrix of the tissue. Dissociation can be obtained using any known procedure, including treatment with enzymes, e.g., trypsin or collagenase, or by using physical methods of dissociation such as with a blunt 15 instrument. Dissociation of fetal cells can be carried out in tissue culture medium, while a preferable medium for dissociation of juvenile and adult cells is artificial cerebral spinal fluid (aCSF). Regular aCSF contains 124 mM NaCl, 5 mM KCl, 1.3 mM MgCl₂, 2 mM CaCl₂, 20 26 mM NaHCO₃, and 10 mM D-glucose. Low Ca²⁺ aCSF contains the same ingredients except for MgCl₂ at a concentration of 3.2 mM and CaCl₂ at a concentration of 0.1 mM.

Dissociated cells can be placed into any culture medium capable of supporting cell growth, including MEM, 25 DMEM, RPMI, F-12. The medium may containin supplements which support cellular metabolism such as glutamine and other amino acids, vitamins, minerals and proteins such as transferrin. In some cases, the medium may contain bovine, equine, chicken or human serum. A preferable 30 medium for neural precursor cells is a mixture of DMEM and F-12. Conditions for culturing mimic physiological conditions, e.g., physiological pH, preferably between pH 6-8, more preferably close to pH 7, even more particularly about pH 7.4 at a temperature that is at or 35 close to physiological temperature.

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Cells can be grown in suspension or on a fixed substrate, but proliferation of the precursor cells is preferably done in suspension to generate large numbers of cells by formation of "neurospheres" (see, for example, Reynolds et al., 1992, Science 255:1070-1709; and PCT Publications WO93/01275, WO94/09119, WO94/10292, and WO94/16718). Cell suspensions in culture medium are supplemented with any growth factor which allows for the proliferation of precursor cells and seeded in any receptacle capable of sustaining cells, preferably in culture flasks or roller bottles. Cells typically proliferate within 3-4 days in a 37°C incubator, and proliferation can be reinitiated at any time after that by dissociation of the cells and resuspension in fresh medium containing growth factors.

In the absence of substrate, cells lift off the floor of the flask and continue to proliferate in suspension forming a hollow sphere of undifferentiated cells. After approximately 3-10 days *in vitro*, the proliferating clusters (neurospheres) are fed every 2-7 days, and more particularly every 2-4 days by gentle centrifugation and resuspension in medium containing a Wnt polypeptide or a growth factor.

After 6-7 days *in vitro*, individual cells in the neurospheres can be separated by physical dissociation of the neurospheres with a blunt instrument, more particularly by titrating the neurospheres with a pipette. Single cells from the dissociated neurospheres are suspended in culture medium containing growth factors, and differentiation of the cells can be induced by plating (or resuspending) the cells in the presence of a Wnt agonist, and (optionally) any other factor capable of inducing and/or sustaining differentiation.

The tissue culture media is supplemented with a Wnt polypeptide (either by adding a Wnt polypeptide to

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the culture media or by adding feeder cells producing a Wnt polypeptide) to maintain a stem cell phenotype of the precursor cells and to promote proliferation of the cells. Other commercially available growth factors such 5 as Fibroblast Growth Factor (FGF) or Epidermal Growth Factor (EGF) are added to the culture as mitogens.

Cells cultured in the presence of a Wnt polypeptide, e.g., a member of the Wnt-1 class of polypeptides, proliferate and maintain a stem cell 10 phenotype. Differentiation of the cells can proceed upon the removal of the Wnt polypeptide and/or addition of a composition that promotes differentiation.

A naturally-occurring population of neural crest cells contains multipotent (i.e., uncommitted) neural 15 crest cells and committed precursor cells. The role of Wnt proteins employed in the present method is to culture a population of neural precursor cells, e.g., a naturally-occurring population of neural crest cells, (1) to induce cell fate of an uncommitted precursor and 20 thereby give rise to a committed precursor cell and (2) to maintain such cells in a stem cell state (e.g., to arrest the development of a committed precursor cell towards becoming a terminally-differentiated neuronal cell). For example, the present method can be used *in* 25 vitro to induce and/or maintain the differentiation of neural crest cells into glial cells, schwann cells, chromaffin cells, cholinergic sympathetic or parasympathetic neurons, as well as peptidergic and serotonergic neurons. The Wnt protein can be used alone, 30 or can be used in combination with other neurotrophic factors which act to more particularly enhance a particular differentiation fate of the neuronal precursor cell. In the later instance, an Wnt polypeptide might be viewed as ensuring that the treated cell has achieved a 35 particular phenotypic state such that the cell is poised

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along a certain developmental pathway so as to be properly induced upon contact with a secondary neurotrophic factor. Even relatively undifferentiated stem cells or primitive neuroblasts can be maintained in culture and caused to differentiate by treatment with Wnt agonists. Exemplary primitive cell cultures comprise cells harvested from the neural plate or neural tube of an embryo.

A population of neural precursor cells is characterized as having a stem cell phenotype when the level of proliferation of the cells in standard tissue culture media (e.g., MEM, DMEM, RPMI, F-12) in the presence of a Wnt polypeptide is at least 20% greater than the level of proliferation in the same tissue culture media without the Wnt polypeptide. Preferably, the level of cell proliferation is at least 50% greater in the presence of a Wnt polypeptide compared to the level of proliferation in the absence of a Wnt polypeptide. Proliferation is measured using known methods, e.g., incorporation of tritiated thymidine.

Neural cells with a differentiated phenotype are characterized as non-proliferating and having the physical characteristics and cell markers of a mature terminally-differentiated neuron.

Primary stem cells may be immortalized by a variety of known techniques such as retrovirus-mediated transduction of an immortalizing gene, e.g., avian *myc* (*v-myc*).

Graft preparation

The therapeutic methods of the invention which utilize enriched populations of neural precursor cells may be used to treat neurodegenerative diseases and other types of diseases that result in depletion of neural cells. In addition to chronic depletion associated with progressive neurodegenerative diseases, neurons may be

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killed as a consequence of infectious diseases, autoimmune diseases, and immunodeficiency diseases. Clinical outcome of treatment can be assessed by measuring as motor and cognitive capabilities of the 5 patient, length of patient survival, quality of life.

Precursor cells cultured in the presence of a Wnt polypeptide as described above are washed and resuspended in a pharmaceutically acceptable excipient, e.g., a solution of 0.6% glucose-saline, are transplanted 10 into brain tissue of a recipient mammal using known methods, e.g., those described by Gage et al., 1987, Ciba Found. Symp. 126:143-159. A small volume of a cell suspension is stereotactically injected into a desired region, e.g., the hippocampus, of a mammal. For example, 15 approximately 10⁶ cells are infused into a desired location of the brain of the patient over 30 min.

Subsequent to transplantation, a Wnt polypeptide may be administered to the patient to induce further proliferation of stem cell *in vivo*. Wnt polypeptides 20 can be administered in the form of a nerve prostheses for the repair of central and peripheral nerve damage. In particular, where a crushed or severed axon is intubulated by use of a prosthetic device, Wnt polypeptides can be added to the prosthetic device to 25 increase the rate of growth and regeneration of the dendritic processes.

Alternatively, prior to transplantation, the cells may be exposed to a composition that induces differentiation Treatment of neurodegenerative disease 30 Neurodegenerative diseases include familial and sporadic amyotrophic lateral sclerosis (FALS and ALS, respectively), familial and sporadic Parkinson's disease, Huntington's disease, familial and sporadic Alzheimer's disease, olivopontocerebellar atrophy, multiple system 35 atrophy, progressive supranuclear palsy, diffuse Lewy

- 20 -

body disease, corticodentatonigral degeneration, progressive familial myoclonic epilepsy, strionigral degeneration, torsion dystonia, familial tremor, gilles de la tourette syndrome, and Hallervorden-Spatz disease.

5 Most of the diseases are typified by onset during the middle adult years and lead to rapid degeneration of specific subsets of neurons within the neural system, ultimately resulting in premature death. There is no known cure nor is there an effective therapy to slow the
10 progression for any of the listed diseases.

Parkinson's disease (paralysis agitans) is a common neurodegenerative disorder which appears in mid to late life. Familial and sporadic cases occur, although familial cases account for only 1-2 percent of the
15 observed cases. The neurological changes which cause this disease are somewhat variable and not fully understood. Patients frequently have nerve cell loss with reactive gliosis and Lewy bodies in the substantia nigra and locus coeruleus of the brain stem. Similar
20 changes are observed in the nucleus basalis of Meynert. Nigrostriatal dopaminergic neurons are most affected.

The disorder generally develops asymmetrically with tremors in one hand or leg and progresses into symmetrical loss of voluntary movement. Eventually, the
25 patient becomes incapacitated by rigidity and tremors. In the advanced stages the disease is frequently accompanied by dementia.

Diagnosis of both familial and sporadic cases of Parkinson's disease can only be made after the onset of
30 the disease. Anticholinergic compounds, propranolol, primidone and levodopa are frequently administered to modify neural transmissions and thereby suppress the symptoms of the disease, though there is no known therapy which halts or slows the underlying progression. The
35 therapeutic methods described herein may be administered

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in conjunction with existing therapeutic approaches to neurodegenerative diseases.

The death of the dopaminergic neurons in the basal ganglia is an underlying defect of this progressive chronic disease as the basal ganglia are involved in the control of voluntary movements. Wnt-polypeptides and neural precursor cells cultured in the presence of Wnt polypeptides, e.g., Wnt-1, are useful in the treatment of Parkinson's disease and other disorders of midbrain dopamine circuitry. Transplantation of dopaminergic neural precursor cells is used to repopulate a patient's depleted population of dopaminergic neurons to treat or ameliorate the symptoms of Parkinson's disease.

Another neurodegenerative disease, Alzheimer's disease, can take two forms: disease exist: presenile dementia, in which the symptoms emerge during middle age, and senile dementia which occurs in the elderly. Both forms of the disease appear to have the same pathology. Diseases which affect learning and memory may be characterized by a depletion of hippocampal cells.

Transplantation of hippocampal neural precursor cell is used to repopulate a patient's depleted population of hippocampal neurons to treat neurodegenerative diseases that affect learning and memory such as Alzheimer's disease.

Example 1: Wnt Signaling and Proliferation

Wnt signalling was found to regulate the expansion of dorsal neural precursors. Wnt-1 and Wnt-3a are coexpressed at the dorsal midline of the developing neural tube. Wnt-1 is involved in midbrain patterning, and Wnt-3a is involved in the formation of the paraxial mesoderm. The absence of a dorsal neural tube phenotype in animals with a mutation in either gene suggested that Wnt signalling is redundant. The data described below indicate that in the absence of both Wnt-1 and Wnt-3a,

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there is a marked deficiency in neural crest derivatives, which originate from the dorsal neural tube, and a pronounced reduction in dorsolateral precursors within the neural tube itself.

5 Mice lacking both Wnt-1 and Wnt-3a signaling were generated. Mice which are heterozygous for null alleles of Wnt-1 and Wnt-3a were made using known methods (e.g., McMahon et al., 1990, Cell 62:1073-1085 and Takada et al., 1994, Genes Dev. 8:174-189). Compound heterozygotes 10 (on a predominantly 129/Sv background) were intercrossed to recover compound mutants. Genotypes were confirmed by genomic Southern hybridization and polymerase chain reaction (PCR). Whole mount immunostaining was carried out using antibodies specific for neurofilaments, CRABP- 15 1, and Lmx-1b. Skeletons from 18.5 d.p.c embryos were prepared and stained with alcian blue and alizarin red using known methods.

To evaluate cell proliferation and death, embryos were collected at 9.5 d.p.c (20-25 somite stage 20 development) after intraperitoneal injection of pregnant females with 50 µg per body weight of 5-bromo-2'- deoxyuridine (BrdU). Mice were killed one hour later. Embryos were fixed overnight in 4% paraformaldehyde in phosphate-buffered saline (PBS) at 4°C. After 25 dehydration, wax embedding and sectioning at a thickness of 6 µm, serial sections were dewaxed and either stained with haematoxylin and eosin, or assayed for BrdU incorporation for apoptotic death using a standard TUNEL procedure.

30 Compound homozygotes were recovered at the expected Mendelian frequency (51 compound homozygotes in 673 embryos. The frequency was close to the expected frequency of 1/16) between 9.0 and 10.5 days post coitum (d.p.c.). Due to the termination of caudal axial 35 development accompanying the loss of Wnt-3a activity,

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relatively few of these embryos survived to 18.5 d.p.c.
(3 compound homozygotes in 151 embryos).

To assess the development of the dorsal neural tube in compound mutants, neural crest derived structures were examined. Neural crest cells are among the first differentiated cell types to be formed by dorsal neural precursors. Neurofilament staining indicated that both neural crest derived cranial and spinal ganglia formation were unaltered in single mutants (either Wnt-1 or Wnt-3a) which were either wild type or heterozygous for mutations in the other Wnt member. However, in double mutants, neurons derived from the proximal ganglion of cranial nerve IX (glossopharyngeal), which is formed by crest cells originating from rhombomere 6 within the hindbrain (r6), were absent. In contrast, the distal ganglion which is placodal in origin was present. In addition, there was a marked reduction in the proximal axons of cranial nerves V (trigeminal, r2 derived) and X (vagus, r7 derived). Similarly, in the trunk, there was a reduction in neurofilament staining in the cervical dorsal root ganglia. Further, cell counts indicated a 60% decrease in the cellular content of the dorsal root ganglia. Whole-mount *in situ* hybridization with probes specific for *Islet-1* and cadherin-6, markers of neuronal and glial neural crest derivatives, respectively, confirmed the reduction or absence of crest cells within the cranial ganglia and dorsal root ganglia. In contrast sympathetic ganglia, which express *c-ret*, were unaffected.

The reduction of neurogenic and gliogenic crest derivatives in the caudal head and rostral trunk regions indicates that fewer neural crest cells emerge in embryos lacking both Wnt-1 and Wnt-3a signaling. The issue of neural crest formation was evaluated by examining CRABP-1 immunoreactivity and AP-2 transcription. CRABP-1 is

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normally present in the dorsal CNS at 9.0 d.p.c. as well as in migrating neural crest cells arising from r2, 4 and 6. AP-2 is first expressed at 8.5 d.p.c. in the dorsal neural plate, coincident with neural crest formation. By 5 9.5 d.p.c. cranial expression is absent in the neural tube but persists in migrating and maturing neural crest derivatives at cranial and spinal cord levels. Loss of function studies have demonstrated that AP-2 is essential for development of neural crest derived structures. A 10 clear decrease was observed in migrating CRABP-1 positive cells within the hindbrain, although CRABP-1 staining within the CNS appeared to be relatively normal. Similarly, examination of AP-2 expression revealed a reduction in both cranial and trunk neural crest. In 15 contrast to their wild type litter mates, double mutants also retained AP-2 expression within the dorsal CNS at 9.5 d.p.c. Thus, in the absence of Wnt-1 and Wnt-3a, there is both a reduction in neural crest cell formation and persistent expression of AP-2 at the dorsal midline.

20 To determine whether Wnt-signaling was required throughout the period of cranial crest formation, expression of TRP-2 was evaluated. TRP-2 is a marker of presumptive melanocytes which are dominant in late formed cranial crest derivatives. At 11.5 d.p.c., TRP-2 25 expression was virtually absent within presumptive melanocytes migrating within the hindbrain region of double mutants though a few TRP-2 cells remained at the dorsal midline. In view of the prolonged expression of AP-2 within the dorsal CNS, TRP-2 expressing cells may be 30 differentiating at a later stage, or they may be retained at the midline because Wnt-signaling promotes neural crest migration. Neither CRABP-1, TRP-2 or AP-2 expression was altered in the forebrain indicating that there is regional specificity in the requirement for 35 these Wnt-signals.

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Much of the head skeleton is generated by cranial neural crest. Distinct skeletal elements are derived from neural crest cells which emerge from different regions of the brain. To determine whether the reduction 5 in neural crest formation in double mutants leads to alterations in the skeleton, 18.5 d.p.c. embryos were stained with alcian blue and alizarin red to examine cartilage and bone development. The stapes and the main body of the hyoid bone including the greater horn which 10 originate from crest cells derived from r3-5 and r6-7, respectively, were absent. Thyroid cartilage showed a consistent dysmorphology. The reduction in hindbrain crest formation was also reflected in the absence of specific skeletal derivatives. In contrast, despite the 15 early loss of forebrain, midbrain and rostral hindbrain in double mutants, the development of skeletal crest derivatives from these regions, as well as non-crest derived bones, was largely normal though there was some reduction in development of the squamosal, alisphenoid, 20 basisphenoid, presphenoid and otic capsule. These data indicate that, in the absence of Wnt-1/3a signaling, several neural crest cell fates form, but there is a dramatic reduction in neural crest derivatives in the hindbrain region and in the spinal cord.

25 Neural crest cell development, and other aspects of dorsal polarity within the developing CNS, are thought to be regulated by BMP signals produced initially by the dorsal ectoderm and subsequently by the dorsal CNS. BMP-7 expression was induced, as expected, in the roof plate 30 of double mutants. The data indicate that it was unlikely that defective neural crest development resulted from a secondary loss of BMP-signaling within the dorsal neural tube.

To determine whether Wnt-signaling directly 35 regulates dorso-ventral polarity within the CNS, the

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distribution of a number of regionally expressed markers was examined. Whereas spinal cord levels appeared normal, the hindbrain displayed a striking phenotype. Expression of Wnt-3a, Wnt-1 and Lmx-1b was normal in the 5 roof plate. Thus, unlike other aspects of Wnt-signaling in the mammalian embryo, these Wnt-expressing cells did appear to require the Wnt-signals they produce. In contrast, expression of Math1 (which is activated at 9.5 d.p.c. in cells immediately adjacent to the roof plate) 10 and Pax-3 (which occupies most of the dorsal half of the CNS) were dramatically reduced in the double mutant hindbrain. Dbx expression at the dorsal-ventral interface and Pax-6 expression in the ventro-lateral CNS were normal.

15 The data indicate that in the hindbrain, Wnt-signaling does not appear to play a role directly in the primary patterning processes which lead to the establishment of distinct cell fates in appropriate positions along the dorsoventral axis. Rather, it 20 appears to play an essential role in the subsequent expansion of dorso-lateral neural progenitors. In support of a potential role in neural proliferation, transgenic analysis demonstrated that Wnt-1 can act as a potent mitogen when ectopically expressed within the 25 dorsal CNS.

In normal development there is a ventral to dorsal progression in the formation of different neural crest derivatives. In the double mutants, the most severely affected crest derivatives were more proximal (dorsally 30 located) structures. The stapes was absent from the second branchial arch while the lesser horn of the hyoid was unaltered, and in the trunk, dorsal root ganglia were markedly reduced while the sympathetic ganglia appeared normal. If the signals governing commitment to neural 35 crest cell fates were unperturbed in the double mutant,

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but renewal of a multipotential dorsal neural progenitor pool required Wnt-signals, the expected result would be a loss of later forming neural crest derivatives in Wnt-1/-3a mutants, as precursors within the neural tube became 5 limiting.

Cell proliferation and cell death in hindbrain tissue sections (9.5 d.p.c; 20-25 somites) were analyzed using BrdU incorporation and TUNEL staining, respectively.

10 Dorsal neural precursors were reduced, but no discernible change was detected in either proliferation or cell death within remaining dorsal regions of Wnt-1 and Wnt-3a mutants. As these two Wnts are first coexpressed at the otic level when the first neural crest cells appear (at 15 about 8.5 d.p.c; 8-10 somites), it is likely that the main reduction in dorsolateral neural precursors occurs between 8.5 and 9.5 d.p.c.

These data indicate that Wnt signalling regulates dorsoventral patterning in the mammalian CNS through the 20 control of cell proliferation.

Example 2: Wnt-3A Signaling in Neuronal Differentiation

Wnt-3a expression in the mouse begins in the primitive streak region of the late egg cylinder at 7.5 d.p.c. and is maintained in the tail bud until tail 25 formation is complete. To determine which cell types in the primitive streak region express Wnt-3a, the expression of Wnt-3a transcripts was examined in wild type embryos at the 7 somite stage. Expression was detected in the ectoderm layer in the primitive streak 30 region but was absent from the node. Expression was further restricted for ventrally located cells in the anterior streak region. In contrast, in the posterior streak, most cells in the ectoderm layer expressed Wnt-3a. Wnt-3a expression was not observed in migrating 35 mesodermal cells at either anterior or posterior

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positions. These data indicate that Wnt-3a expression is localized to the primitive ectoderm prior to the physical segregation of the paraxial mesoderm and is downregulated as cells ingress through the primitive streak.

5 The phenotype of Wnt-3a homozygous mutant embryos was analyzed at early somite stages. At the 5 somite stage, no obvious differences in morphology between wild type and Wnt-3a mutant embryos were detected. However, by the 7 somite stage, differences in the shape of the
10 primitive streak region were apparent. In Wnt-3a mutants, the width of the primitive streak region is narrower than in the wild type embryos and this phenotype becomes more pronounced by the 10 somite stage.

To further investigate the abnormal morphology of
15 mutant embryo, histological analysis of the sections was carried out. In wild type embryos at the 7 somite stage, migrating presomitic mesodermal cells were observed under the primitive ectoderm layer in the primitive streak region. However, in Wnt-3a mutant embryos at the same
20 stage, no migrating presomitic mesoderm cells were observed; in contrast, the shape and movement of cells ingressed through the primitive streak are quite different from those in normal embryos. In the anterior streak region of the mutant embryos, the ingressing cells
25 were round in appearance, quite distinct from the usual stellate mesenchymal morphology of the ingressing mesoderm. Furthermore, these cells contacted each other and formed an ectopic tubular structure under the primitive streak at more posterior level. This tubular
30 structure was not observed anterior to the streak where somites are present. Thus, in Wnt-3a mutant embryos, the absence of somite precursors appears to be correlated with the appearance of an ectopic tubular structure arising in the primitive streak region.

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To identify the molecular characteristics of the ectopic tubular structure in Wnt-3a mutant embryos, *in situ* hybridization and whole mount immunostaining and the expression of a variety of molecular markers detected.

MF-1, encodes a forkhead domain containing protein, which is normally expressed in somites, presomitic mesoderm, and lateral mesoderm at 9.5 d.p.c. In Wnt-3a mutant embryos at this stage, no obvious MF-1 expression was observed in the position where the ectopic tube was formed posterior to the forelimb level. A transverse section of the stained embryo at this axial level clearly indicated that no MF-1 transcripts were localized in the ectopic tube. Similarly another paraxial mesoderm marker, Mox-1, was not expressed in the ectopic tube in Wnt-3a mutants at either 8.5 or 9.5 d.p.c. The data indicate that the ectopic tube does not have the molecular and morphological characteristics of paraxial mesoderm.

Mash-1 is normally expressed in central nervous system and peripheral nervous system precursors at 9.5 d.p.c. but not in the mesoderm. In Wnt-3a mutant embryos at the same stage, *Mash-1* expression was detected not only in these region but also in the region ventral to the original neural tube posterior to the forelimb level. A transverse section of Wnt-3a mutants at the axial level, where abnormal *Mash-1* expression was observed, indicated that the ventral expression of *Mash-1* was localized in the ectopic tube. A second neural marker, HES-5, which is normally expressed in CNS, was also expressed in the ectopic tube in Wnt-3a mutants at 9.5 d.p.c. To explore further whether neurons differentiate in the ectopic tube, Wnt-3a mutant embryos at 10.5 d.p.c. were immunostained with antineurofilament antibody, 2H3. Neurofilament expressing cells were present in both the dorsal neural tube and the ectopic ventral tube.

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The ectopic tube also exhibited polarity typical of CNS tissue. For example, Sonic hedgehog (Shh) is normally expressed in the floor plate of the neural tube. In 9.5 d.p.c. Wnt-3a mutant embryos, the notochord was 5 present under the ventral ectopic tubular structure but not under the original neural tube at the axial level just posterior to the forelimbs while no notochord was absorbed at more posterior levels. Shh was expressed in ventrally in the ectopic tube where it contacts the 10 notochord, suggesting, that the ectopic tube forms a floor plate in response to a Shh signaling by the notochord. The ectopic neural tube also exhibits dorsal polarity typical of the CNS such as the expression of the dorsal midline marker, Wnt-1 and increased levels of Pax- 15 3 expression, where the tube contacts the surface ectoderm. In addition, expression of a ventral CNS marker, Pax-6, was suppressed where the ectopic tube contacts the surface ectoderm. Taken together, the data indicate that the ectopic tubular structure in the 20 mutants has the molecular and cellular characteristics of an ectopic neural tube and consequently the loss of Wnt-3a signaling results in the formation of CNS precursors at the expense of paraxial mesoderm.

The phenotype of Wnt-3a knock out mutant embryos 25 at 9.5 d.p.c. indicated that Wnt-3a is essential for formation of somitic mesoderm caudal to first 7-9 somites. In the absence of somite formation, an ectopic tubular structure which displays both cellular and molecular characteristics of presumptive CNS tissue is 30 formed. Several lines of evidences suggest that the neural tube was formed ectopically. First, transverse sections of Wnt-3a mutant embryos at an early somite stage indicated that cells delaminating from and ingressing through the primitive streak form an 35 epithelial cell layer that contribute to an ectopic tube

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under the primitive ectoderm in the primitive streak region. Second, the notochord contacts the ventral but not the dorsal neural tube, suggesting that the ventral (ectopic) neural tube had already formed at the time when 5 the notochord was laid down. Third, by the analysis of serial transverse sections of several 8.5 and 9.5 d.p.c. Wnt-3a mutant embryos, it is apparent that the ectopic neural tube is not continuous with the original dorsal neural tube suggesting an independent origin.

10 The appearance of the ectopic neural tube correlates with the disappearance of the paraxial mesoderm precursors in Wnt-3a mutant embryos. This correlation suggests that the absence of Wnt-3a signaling in the primitive ectoderm of the primitive streak may 15 lead to presumptive somitic mesoderm cells to adopting, neural cell fate. That is, a neural fate may be a "default" state for cells which normally give rise to both mesodermal and neural derivatives.

The results described herein indicate that in the 20 normal primitive ectoderm, where Wnt-3a is expressed, undifferentiated cells can differentiate into both neural and somitic mesoderm cell lineages. At early somite stages, cells in the anterior primitive streak generate mostly somitic mesoderm, while cells in the posterior 25 streak gives rise to mostly lateral mesoderm. In contrast, primitive ectoderm adjacent to the anterior primitive streak contributes mainly to somitic mesoderm and neuroectoderm, suggesting that these two cell types might arise from the same cell population. The data 30 indicate that Wnt-3a signaling regulates cell fate specification between somitic mesoderm and neural lineages in the normal mouse embryo.

Although Wnt-3a is expressed in the anterior streak in regions which gives rise to somitic mesoderm, 35 it is also expressed in more posterior regions which

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generate lateral and ventral mesoderm. Thus, expression is not restricted to paraxial mesoderm precursors. Wnt-3a may establish a competence to respond to a paraxial mesoderm inducing signal, rather than itself directly inducing paraxial mesodermal cell fates. This competence may be broadly distributed within the streak.

Example 3: Wnt-1 signaling and mid-brain development

Expression of En-1 in the developing midbrain of Wnt-1 null embryos is sufficient to rescue midbrain and interior hindbrain development. In the mouse, Wnt-1 and Engrailed-1 (En-1) are first expressed in the presumptive midbrain, from 8.0 days post coitum (d.p.c.) and continue to be expressed, together with En-2, in overlapping patterns during midbrain development. In Wnt-1^{-/-} (Wnt-1 null) embryos, En-1 and En-2 expression is initiated normally, but subsequently both domains of En expression are lost, which is concomitant with a failure of midbrain and anterior hindbrain development.

En-1 was expressed from the transgene WEXPZ-En-1 in a pattern similar to that of endogenous Wnt-1 gene. To assess whether En-1 was able to rescue the Wnt-1-null phenotype, embryos from matings of Wnt-1^{+/+}, WEXPZ-En-1⁺ males with Wnt-1^{-/-} females were collected at 14.5 d.p.c., when the Wnt-1^{-/-} phenotype can easily be scored morphologically. The genotype was subsequently determined by southern blotting. Wnt-1^{+/+} and Wnt-1^{-/-} embryos with or without WEXPZ-En-1 appeared to be wild-type (n = 112) whereas all Wnt-1^{-/-} embryos (n = 12) displayed the Wnt-1^{-/-} phenotype. In Wnt-1^{-/-}, WEXPZ-En-1⁺ embryos, 7 out of 17 appeared superficially wildtype, 8 out of 17 were partially rescued and only 2 out of 17 were similar to Wnt-1^{-/-} embryos.

To characterize brain development in greater detail, a minimum of four embryos from each category were

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sectioned for histological analysis. All Wnt-1^{-/-} embryos lacked the midbrain and cerebellum. In contrast, in Wnt-1^{-/-}, WEXPZ-En-1⁺ embryos that were scored as wild-type, the midbrain and cerebellum appeared similar to those of 5 wild-type embryos. In partially rescued embryos, only the posterior midbrain and a slightly reduced cerebellum were apparent. The absence of rescue in some cases, and partial rescue in others, may reflect influences of the genetic background or variations in the levels of En-1 10 expressed from the transgene.

To characterize the development of the midbrain in Wnt-1^{-/-}, WEXPZ-En-1⁺ embryos further, the expression of several genes normally transcribed in this region was examined at 10.5 d.p.c. Pax-5 is expressed in a broad 15 domain at the midbrain-hindbrain junction, but this domain is missing in Wnt-1^{-/-} embryos. In Wnt-1^{-/-}, WEXPZ-En-1⁺ embryos, Pax-5 expression was detected in a pattern similar to that of the wild-type embryos. Wnt-1 and Fgf-8 are normally expressed in adjacent rings of cells just 20 anterior and posterior to the midbrain-hindbrain junction, respectively. Fgf8 signalling is involved in midbrain development. In Wnt-1^{-/-} embryos, both rings of expressing cells are absent. In contrast, both Wnt-1 and Fgf-8 were expressed in sharp rings of cells in Wnt-1^{-/-}, 25 WEXPZ-En-1⁺ embryos despite the fact that no morphologically obvious midbrain-hindbrain junction was apparent. These results indicate that Wnt-1 signaling at this later stage may not play a direct role in regulating Fgf-8 expression in adjacent cells. En gene expression 30 was also restored in the mid-hindbrain region of Wnt-1^{-/-}, WEXPZ-En-1⁺ embryos outside the area where the transgene is expressed.

In all the rescued embryos, the expression domains of Pax-5, Fgf-8, En, and, in a few cases, Wnt-1 were

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slightly reduced relative to wild-type littermates (18
out

41 Wnt-1^{-/-}, WEXPZ-En-1⁺ embryos expressed one of the
markers examined, of these at least half were
5 substantially rescued). One likely explanation is that
rescued embryos have a smaller population of midbrain
cells than wild-type siblings because when Wnt-1 and En-1
expression is initiated, Wnt-1 mRNA transcription is
patchy, whereas En genes are expressed more uniformly in
10 presumptive midbrain cells. Thus, in Wnt-1^{-/-}, WEXPZ-En-1⁺
embryos, where En-1 is not uniformly expressed in all
presumptive midbrain cells, only those cells that express
En-1 at this early stage may contribute to midbrain
development. As En-1 expression in the midbrain restores
15 Fgf-8, Pax-5 and En expression in the anterior hindbrain,
and subsequently cerebellum development in Wnt-1^{-/-}
embryos, the data suggest that a midbrain-derived signal
other than Wnt-1 is necessary for anterior hindbrain
development.

20 To assess whether expression of En-1 was
sufficient to rescue the viability of Wnt-1^{-/-} mice (pups
are born but die within 24 h) pups were genotyped at
10 days post partum (n = 68). No live Wnt-1^{-/-}, WEXPZ-
En-1⁺ mice were obtained indicating that En-1 was
25 insufficient to rescue the Wnt-1-null phenotype
completely. Further analysis indicated that between 14.5
and 18.5 d.p.c., brains of Wnt-1^{-/-}, WEXPZ-En-1⁺ embryos
deteriorate, indicating that there may be additional
functions of Wnt-1 signaling that cannot be replaced by
30 En-1. This conclusion is supported by analysis of two
cranial motor nerves, III (oculomotor) and IV
(trochlear), which normally develop adjacent to Wnt-1-
expressing cells in the ventral midbrain. Each of these
fail to develop in Wnt-1^{-/-} embryos. Similarly, neither
35 nerve forms in Wnt-1^{-/-}, WEXPZ-En-1⁺ embryos which have

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global restoration of midbrain development. In contrast, a second ventral population, tyrosine-hydroxylase-expressing neurons (catecholaminergic neurons) of the substantia nigra, are rescued in Wnt-1^{-/-}, WEXPZ-En-1⁺ 5 embryos.

These data demonstrate that, in the absence of a Wnt-1 signal, expression of En-1 from the Wnt-1 enhancer is sufficient to substantially rescue early midbrain and anterior hindbrain development, and suggest that a major 10 role of Wnt-1 signalling in the mammalian brain is to maintain En expression.

Other embodiments are within the following claims.

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SEQUENCE LISTING

(1) GENERAL INFORMATION:

- (i) APPLICANT: President and Fellows of Harvard College
(ii) TITLE OF INVENTION: INDUCTION OF NEURONAL REGENERATION
(iii) NUMBER OF SEQUENCES: 11

(iv) CORRESPONDENCE ADDRESS:

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(v) COMPUTER READABLE FORM:

- (A) MEDIUM TYPE: Diskette
(B) COMPUTER: IBM Compatible
(C) OPERATING SYSTEM: Windows 95
(D) SOFTWARE: FastSEQ for Windows Version 2.0b

(vi) CURRENT APPLICATION DATA:

- (A) APPLICATION NUMBER: PCT/US98/-----
(B) FILING DATE: 30-APR-1998

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(viii) ATTORNEY/AGENT INFORMATION:

- (A) NAME: Freeman, John W.
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(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:1:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 370 amino acids
(B) TYPE: amino acid
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:1:

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1 5 10 15
Leu Ala Leu Ala Ala Leu Pro Ala Ala Leu Ala Asn Ser Ser Gly
20 25 30
Arg Trp Trp Gly Ile Val Asn Val Ala Ser Ser Thr Asn Leu Leu Thr
35 40 45
Asp Ser Lys Ser Leu Gln Leu Val Leu Glu Pro Ser Leu Gln Leu Leu
50 55 60
Ser Arg Lys Gln Arg Arg Leu Ile Arg Gln Asn Pro Gly Ile Leu His

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65	70	75	80
Ser Val Ser Gly Gly Leu Gln Ser Ala Val Arg Glu Cys Lys Trp Gln			
85	90	95	
Phe Arg Asn Arg Arg Trp Asn Cys Pro Thr Ala Pro Gly Pro His Leu			
100	105	110	
Phe Gly Lys Ile Val Asn Arg Gly Cys Arg Glu Thr Ala Phe Ile Phe			
115	120	125	
Ala Ile Thr Ser Ala Gly Val Thr His Ser Val Ala Arg Ser Cys Ser			
130	135	140	
Glu Gly Ser Ile Glu Ser Cys Thr Cys Asp Tyr Arg Arg Arg Gly Pro			
145	150	155	160
Gly Gly Pro Asp Trp His Trp Gly Gly Cys Ser Asp Asn Ile Asp Phe			
165	170	175	
Gly Arg Leu Phe Gly Arg Glu Phe Val Asp Ser Gly Glu Lys Gly Arg			
180	185	190	
Asp Leu Arg Phe Leu Met Asn Leu His Asn Asn Glu Ala Gly Arg Thr			
195	200	205	
Thr Val Phe Ser Glu Met Arg Gln Glu Cys Lys Cys His Gly Met Ser			
210	215	220	
Gly Ser Cys Thr Val Arg Thr Cys Trp Met Arg Leu Pro Thr Leu Arg			
225	230	235	240
Ala Val Gly Asp Val Leu Arg Asp Arg Phe Asp Gly Ala Ser Arg Val			
245	250	255	
Leu Tyr Gly Asn Arg Gly Ser Asn Arg Ala Ser Arg Ala Glu Leu Leu			
260	265	270	
Arg Leu Glu Pro Glu Asp Pro Ala His Lys Pro Pro Ser Pro His Asp			
275	280	285	
Leu Val Tyr Phe Glu Lys Ser Pro Asn Phe Cys Thr Tyr Ser Gly Arg			
290	295	300	
Leu Gly Thr Ala Gly Thr Ala Gly Arg Ala Cys Asn Ser Ser Ser Pro			
305	310	315	320
Ala Leu Asp Gly Cys Glu Leu Leu Cys Cys Gly Arg Gly His Arg Thr			
325	330	335	
Arg Thr Gln Arg Val Thr Glu Arg Cys Asn Cys Thr Phe His Trp Cys			
340	345	350	
Cys His Val Ser Cys Arg Asn Cys Thr His Thr Arg Val Leu His Glu			
355	360	365	
Cys Leu			
370			

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:2:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 (A) LENGTH: 360 amino acids
 (B) TYPE: amino acid
 (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:2:

Met Asn Ala Pro Leu Gly Gly Ile Trp Leu Trp Leu Pro Leu Leu Leu			
1	5	10	15
Thr Trp Leu Thr Pro Glu Val Asn Ser Ser Trp Trp Tyr Met Arg Ala			
20	25	30	
Thr Gly Gly Ser Ser Arg Val Met Cys Asp Asn Val Pro Gly Leu Val			
35	40	45	
Ser Ser Gln Arg Gln Leu Cys His Arg His Pro Asp Val Met Arg Ala			
50	55	60	
Ile Ser Gln Gly Val Ala Glu Trp Thr Ala Glu Cys Gln His Gln Phe			
65	70	75	80
Arg Gln His Arg Trp Asn Cys Asn Thr Leu Asp Arg Asp His Ser Leu			

- 38 -

Phe	Gly	Arg	Val	Leu	Leu	Arg	Ser	Ser	Arg	Glu	Ser	Ala	Phe	Val	Tyr
100								105					110		
Ala	Ile	Ser	Ser	Ala	Gly	Val	Val	Phe	Ala	Ile	Thr	Arg	Ala	Cys	Ser
115							120					125			
Gln	Gly	Glu	Val	Lys	Ser	Cys	Ser	Cys	Asp	Pro	Lys	Lys	Met	Gly	Ser
130					135						140				
Ala	Lys	Asp	Ser	Lys	Gly	Ile	Phe	Asp	Trp	Gly	Gly	Cys	Ser	Asp	Asn
145						150				155					160
Ile	Asp	Tyr	Gly	Ile	Lys	Phe	Ala	Arg	Ala	Phe	Val	Asp	Ala	Lys	Glu
							165			170				175	
Arg	Lys	Gly	Lys	Asp	Ala	Arg	Ala	Leu	Met	Asn	Leu	His	Asn	Asn	Arg
								180		185				190	
Ala	Gly	Arg	Lys	Ala	Val	Lys	Arg	Phe	Leu	Lys	Gln	Gl	Cys	Lys	Cys
							195		200				205		
His	Gly	Val	Ser	Gly	Ser	Cys	Thr	Leu	Arg	Thr	Cys	Trp	Leu	Ala	Met
							210		215			220			
Ala	Asp	Phe	Arg	Lys	Thr	Gly	Asp	Tyr	Leu	Trp	Arg	Lys	Tyr	Asn	Gly
							225		230		235				240
Ala	Ile	Gln	Val	Val	Met	Asn	Gln	Asp	Gly	Thr	Gly	Phe	Thr	Val	Ala
						245			250					255	
Asn	Glu	Arg	Phe	Lys	Lys	Pro	Thr	Lys	Asn	Asp	Leu	Val	Tyr	Phe	Glu
							260		265				270		
Asn	Ser	Pro	Asp	Tyr	Cys	Ile	Arg	Asp	Arg	Glu	Ala	Gly	Ser	Leu	Gly
							275		280				285		
Thr	Ala	Gly	Arg	Val	Cys	Asn	Leu	Thr	Ser	Arg	Gly	Met	Asp	Ser	Cys
							290		295			300			
Glu	Val	Met	Cys	Cys	Gly	Arg	Gly	Tyr	Asp	Thr	Ser	His	Val	Thr	Arg
							305		310		315				320
Met	Thr	Lys	Cys	Gly	Cys	Lys	Phe	His	Trp	Cys	Cys	Ala	Val	Arg	Cys
								325		330				335	
Gln	Asp	Cys	Leu	Glu	Ala	Leu	Asp	Val	His	Thr	Cys	Lys	Ala	Pro	Lys
								340		345				350	
Asn	Ala	Asp	Trp	Thr	Thr	Ala	Thr								
								355		360					

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:3:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 352 amino acids
(B) TYPE: amino acid
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:3:

```

Met Ala Pro Leu Gly Tyr Leu Leu Val Leu Cys Ser Leu Lys Gln Ala
      1           5           10          15
Leu Gly Ser Tyr Pro Ile Trp Trp Ser Leu Ala Val Gly Pro Gln Tyr
      20          25          30
Ser Ser Leu Ser Thr Gln Pro Ile Leu Cys Ala Ser Ile Pro Gly Leu
      35          40          45
Val Pro Lys Gln Leu Arg Phe Cys Arg Asn Tyr Val Glu Ile Met Pro
      50          55          60
Ser Val Ala Glu Gly Val Lys Ala Gly Ile Gln Glu Cys Gln His Gln
      65          70          75          80
Phe Arg Gly Arg Arg Trp Asn Cys Thr Thr Val Ser Asn Ser Leu Ala
      85          90          95
Ile Phe Gly Pro Val Leu Asp Lys Ala Thr Arg Glu Ser Ala Phe Val
      100         105         110
His Ala Ile Ala Ser Ala Gly Val Ala Phe Ala Val Thr Arg Ser Cys

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115	120	125
Ala Glu Gly Ser Ala Ala Ile Cys Gly Cys Ser Ser Arg Leu Gln Gly		
130	135	140
Ser Pro Gly Glu Gly Trp Lys Trp Gly Gly Cys Ser Glu Asp Ile Glu		
145	150	155
Phe Gly Gly Met Val Ser Arg Glu Phe Ala Asp Ala Arg Glu Asn Arg		
165	170	175
Pro Asp Ala Arg Ser Ala Met Asn Arg His Asn Asn Glu Ala Gly Arg		
180	185	190
Gln Ala Ile Ala Ser His Met His Leu Lys Cys Lys Cys His Gly Leu		
195	200	205
Ser Gly Ser Cys Glu Val Lys Thr Cys Trp Trp Ser Gln Pro Asp Phe		
210	215	220
Arg Thr Ile Gly Asp Phe Leu Lys Asp Lys Tyr Asp Ser Ala Ser Glu		
225	230	235
Met Val Val Glu Lys His Arg Glu Ser Arg Gly Trp Val Glu Thr Leu		
245	250	255
Arg Pro Arg Tyr Thr Tyr Phe Lys Val Pro Thr Glu Arg Asp Leu Val		
260	265	270
Tyr Tyr Glu Ala Ser Pro Asn Phe Cys Glu Pro Asn Pro Glu Thr Gly		
275	280	285
Ser Phe Gly Thr Arg Asp Arg Thr Cys Asn Val Ser Ser His Gly Ile		
290	295	300
Asp Gly Cys Asp Leu Leu Cys Cys Gly Arg Gly His Asn Ala Arg Thr		
305	310	315
Glu Arg Arg Arg Glu Lys Cys His Cys Val Phe His Trp Cys Cys Tyr		
325	330	335
Val Ser Cys Gln Glu Cys Thr Arg Val Tyr Asp Val His Thr Cys Lys		
340	345	350

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:4:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 349 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:4:

Met Asn Arg Lys Ala Leu Arg Cys Leu Gly His Leu Phe Leu Ser Leu		
1	5	10
Gly Met Val Cys Leu Arg Ile Gly Gly Phe Ser Ser Val Val Ala Leu		
20	25	30
Gly Ala Thr Ile Ile Cys Asn Lys Ile Pro Gly Leu Ala Pro Arg Gln		
35	40	45
Arg Ala Ile Cys Gln Ser Arg Pro Asp Ala Ile Ile Val Ile Gly Glu		
50	55	60
Gly Ser Gln Met Gly Leu Asp Glu Cys Gln Phe Gln Phe Arg Asn Gly		
65	70	75
Arg Trp Asn Cys Ser Ala Leu Gly Glu Arg Thr Val Phe Gly Lys Glu		
85	90	95
Leu Lys Val Gly Ser Arg Asp Gly Ala Phe Thr Tyr Ala Ile Ile Ala		
100	105	110
Ala Gly Val Ala His Ala Ile Thr Ala Ala Cys Thr His Gly Asn Leu		
115	120	125
Ser Asp Cys Gly Cys Asp Lys Glu Lys Gln Gly Gln Tyr His Arg Asp		
130	135	140
Glu Gly Trp Lys Trp Gly Gly Cys Ser Ala Asp Ile Arg Tyr Gly Ile		
145	150	155
Gly Phe Ala Lys Val Phe Val Asp Ala Arg Glu Ile Lys Gln Asn Ala		
165	170	175

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Arg Thr Leu Met Asn Leu His Asn Asn Glu Ala Gly Arg Lys Ile Leu
 180 185 190
 Glu Glu Asn Met Lys Leu Glu Cys Lys Cys His Gly Val Ser Gly Ser
 195 200 205
 Cys Thr Thr Lys Thr Cys Trp Thr Thr Leu Pro Gln Phe Arg Glu Leu
 210 215 220
 Gly Tyr Val Leu Lys Asp Lys Tyr Asn Glu Ala Val His Val Glu Pro
 225 230 235 240
 Val Arg Ala Ser Arg Asn Lys Arg Pro Thr Phe Leu Lys Ile Lys Lys
 245 250 255
 Pro Leu Ser Tyr Arg Lys Pro Met Asp Thr Asp Leu Val Tyr Ile Glu
 260 265 270
 Lys Ser Pro Asn Tyr Cys Glu Glu Asp Pro Val Thr Gly Ser Val Gly
 275 280 285
 Thr Gln Gly Arg Ala Cys Asn Lys Thr Ala Pro Gln Ala Ser Gly Cys
 290 295 300
 Asp Leu Met Cys Cys Gly Arg Gly Tyr Asn Thr His Gln Tyr Ala Arg
 305 310 315 320
 Val Trp Gln Cys Asn Cys Lys Phe His Trp Cys Cys Tyr Val Lys Cys
 325 330 335
 Asn Thr Cys Ser Glu Arg Thr Glu Met Tyr Thr Cys Lys
 340 345

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:5:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 124 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:5:

Gly Val Ser Gly Ser Cys Thr Thr Lys Thr Cys Trp Thr Thr Leu Pro
 1 5 10 15
 Lys Phe Arg Glu Val Gly His Leu Leu Lys Glu Lys Tyr Asn Ala Ala
 20 25 30
 Val Gln Val Glu Val Val Arg Ala Ser Arg Leu Arg Gln Pro Thr Phe
 35 40 45
 Leu Arg Ile Lys Gln Leu Arg Ser Tyr Gln Lys Pro Met Glu Thr Asp
 50 55 60
 Leu Val Tyr Ile Glu Lys Ser Pro Asn Tyr Cys Glu Glu Asp Ala Ala
 65 70 75 80
 Thr Gly Ser Val Gly Thr Gln Gly Arg Ile Cys Asn Arg Thr Ser Pro
 85 90 95
 Gly Ala Asp Gly Cys Asp Thr Met Cys Cys Gly Arg Gly Tyr Asn Thr
 100 105 110
 His Gln Tyr Thr Lys Val Trp Gln Cys Asn Cys Lys
 115 120

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:6:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 365 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:6:

Met Ala Gly Ser Ala Met Ser Ser Lys Phe Phe Leu Val Ala Leu Ala

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1	5	10	15												
Ile	Phe	Ser	Phe	Ala	Gln	Val	Val	Ile	Glu	Ala	Asn	Ser	Trp	Trp	
20	25	30													
Ser	Leu	Gly	Met	Asn	Asn	Pro	Val	Gln	Met	Ser	Glu	Val	Tyr	Ile	Ile
35	40	45													
Gly	Ala	Gln	Pro	Leu	Cys	Ser	Gln	Leu	Ala	Gly	Leu	Ser	Gln	Gly	Gln
50	55	60													
Lys	Lys	Leu	Cys	His	Leu	Tyr	Gln	Asp	His	Met	Gln	Tyr	Ile	Gly	Glu
65	70	75	80												
Gly	Ala	Lys	Thr	Gly	Ile	Lys	Glu	Cys	Gln	Tyr	Gln	Phe	Arg	His	Arg
85	90	95													
Arg	Trp	Asn	Cys	Ser	Thr	Val	Asp	Asn	Thr	Ser	Val	Phe	Gly	Arg	Val
100	105	110													
Met	Gln	Ile	Gly	Ser	Arg	Glu	Thr	Ala	Phe	Thr	Tyr	Ala	Val	Ser	Ala
115	120	125													
Ala	Gly	Val	Val	Asn	Ala	Met	Ser	Arg	Ala	Cys	Arg	Glu	Gly	Glu	Leu
130	135	140													
Ser	Thr	Cys	Gly	Cys	Ser	Arg	Ala	Ala	Arg	Pro	Lys	Asp	Leu	Pro	Arg
145	150	155	160												
Asp	Trp	Leu	Trp	Gly	Gly	Cys	Gly	Asp	Asn	Ile	Asp	Tyr	Gly	Tyr	Arg
165	170	175													
Phe	Ala	Lys	Glu	Phe	Val	Asp	Ala	Arg	Glu	Arg	Glu	Arg	Ile	His	Ala
180	185	190													
Lys	Gly	Ser	Tyr	Glu	Ser	Ala	Arg	Ile	Leu	Met	Asn	Leu	His	Asn	Asn
195	200	205													
Glu	Ala	Gly	Arg	Arg	Thr	Val	Asn	Leu	Ala	Asp	Val	Ala	Cys	Lys	
210	215	220													
Cys	His	Gly	Val	Ser	Gly	Ser	Cys	Ser	Leu	Lys	Thr	Cys	Trp	Leu	Gln
225	230	235	240												
Leu	Ala	Asp	Phe	Arg	Lys	Val	Gly	Asp	Ala	Leu	Lys	Glu	Lys	Tyr	Asp
245	250	255													
Ser	Ala	Ala	Ala	Met	Arg	Leu	Asn	Ser	Arg	Gly	Lys	Leu	Val	Gln	Val
260	265	270													
Asn	Ser	Arg	Phe	Asn	Ser	Pro	Thr	Thr	Gln	Asp	Leu	Val	Tyr	Ile	Asp
275	280	285													
Pro	Ser	Pro	Asp	Tyr	Cys	Val	Arg	Asn	Glu	Ser	Thr	Gly	Ser	Leu	Gly
290	295	300													
Thr	Gln	Gly	Arg	Leu	Cys	Asn	Lys	Thr	Ser	Glu	Gly	Met	Asp	Gly	Cys
305	310	315	320												
Glu	Leu	Met	Cys	Cys	Gly	Arg	Gly	Tyr	Asp	Gln	Phe	Lys	Thr	Val	Gln
325	330	335													
Thr	Glu	Arg	Cys	His	Cys	Lys	Phe	His	Trp	Cys	Cys	Tyr	Val	Lys	Cys
340	345	350													
Lys	Lys	Cys	Thr	Glu	Ile	Val	Asp	Gln	Phe	Val	Cys	Lys			
355	360	365													

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:7:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 5607 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: double
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: cDNA

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:7:

ATGTATGTAT GTATGTATGT ATGTATGTAT ACGTGCCTGC ACCTGTGTGT GCTTGGTGT
60
AGTGGGGCTC AGACATCACCC TGATTCCCTG GAACTGGAGT TACAGGTGGC TATAAGCCAC
120

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CACTTGGGTG CTGAGAACAG AGTCGGGCC TCTGGCAGAG CAGTCAGTGC TTTTAGCCAC
180
TGAGCCACTC TCATCCCCC AATTATGTT ATCTTGAGTT GGGCAGGTAC GGTGGCGGAA
240
TAGGCCTGTA ATCCCAGCAG TCACTGGACC ATCATGGTT CTACATATTA AACCTTTATG
300
TTAGGTAGGG TCACACAGCA AGATCCGGTC ACAAAACCAG CAACAACAAA AACCAAAAGG
360
AGCCAGCTTC TTCCCACAAG CATTCTTCC CTCAGGTCTT CAGCTCCATC TGACAGCTAC
420
TCGGCTGGTG GTCCTATCCT TTCTGAGCCT AGTTGCCAGA GAAACAAGCC CGGTTCATCT
480
TCATGACTAG CACATCTAAT GATAAGCACA GGTTGACTCA AGGTGCCATA GAGTGACACT
540
AGGTACCCAG AGCGACAGAA TGACACCTAT GAGTGCACGT CGTTAACAC AAACACACAC
600
ACACACACAC ACACACACAC ACACACACAC TCATGCACCC ACCTGCAAAC ACAATTGCAG
660
CCTTCTGGAC GTCTCCTGTC ACAGCCCCAC CTCCTTCCTG ATACACTGCG TTAAGTGGTG
720
ACTGTAACAA AATGACTTCA TGCTCTCCCT GTCTGAGCC AAATTACACA ATTATTGGAA
780
AAGGGCTCAA AATGTTCTTC GTTAGAAGTT TCTGGATACA CCAATACACA GGAGCGTGCA
840
CCCTCAGAAC ACATGTACAC TTTGACTTAA TCTCACGGGT GACACACCGA CGCTTACACT
900
CCCCCTAGCC CACAGAGGCA AACTGCTGGG CGCTTCTGAG TTTCTCACTG CCACCAGCTC
960
GGTTTGCTCA GCCTACCCCC GCACCCCGCG CCCGGGAATC CCTGACCACA GCTCCACCCA
1020
TGCTCTGTCT CCTTCTTTTC CTTCTCTGTC CAGCCGTCGG GGTTCCTGGG TGAGGAAGTG
1080
TCTCCACGGA GTCGCTGGCT AGAACCACAA CTTTCATCCT GCCATTCAAGA ATAGGGAAGA
1140
GAAGAGACCA CAGCGTAGGG GGGACAGAGG AGACGGACTT CGAGAGGACA GCCCCACCGG
1200
CGCGTGTGGG GGAGGCAATC CAGGCTGCAA ACAGGTTGTC CCCAGCGCAT TGTCCCCGCG
1260
CCCCCTGGCG GATGCTGGTC CCCGACGGGC TCCGGACGCG CAGAAGAGTG AGGCCGGCGC
1320
GGGTGGGAGG CCATCCAAG GGGAGGGGTC GGCGGCCAGT GCAGACCTGG AGGCCGGGCC
1380
ACCAGGCAGG GGGGGGGGT GAGCCCCGAC GGTTAGCCTG TCAGCTCTT GCTCAGACCG
1440
GCAAGAGCCA CAGCTTCGCT CGCCACTCAT TGTCTGTGGC CCTGACCAGT GCGCCCTGGT
1500
GCTTTTAGTG CCGCCCCGGC CCGGAGGGGC AGCCTCTTCT CACTGCAGTC AGCGCCGCAA
1560
CTATAAGAGG CCTATAAGAG GCGGTGCCTC CCGCAGTGGC TGCTTCAGCC CAGCAGCCAG
1620
GACAGCGAAC CATGCTGCCT GCGGCCCGCC TCCAGACTTA TTAGAGCCAG CCTGGGAACT
1680
CGCATCACTG CCCTCACCGC TGTGTCCAGT CCCACCGTCG CGGACAGCAA CCACAGTCGT
1740
CAGAACCGCA GCACAGAACC AGCAAGGCCA GGCAGGCCAT GGGGCTCTGG GCGCTGCTGC
1800
CCAGCTGGGT TTCTACTACG TTGCTACTGG CACTGACCGC TCTGCCCGCA GCCCTGGCTG
1860
CCAACAGTAG TGGCCGATGG TGGTAAGTGA GCTAGTACGG GGTCCGCCAC TTGTCCTGGG
1920
GCAAAGAGGCC AGGCACGGGC CTTACCCAGC TCCCACGCTG TGGGGATCAC CAACCTACAG
1980

ACCCCCCTCG TGCATTGTGA CTTCACATCC AGGGTGCTCA CACCTAGAAC TAGCTCTGCT
2040
GAAGTGGGGC ACATCATTGG CATGCAGAAG CCCAGATACA CCAGGCTCAG AGACCATTC
2100
CATTAAATAC GACCCCGTTT CTGCTGAGCA ACAGGTCCCA ACCTCGCTGT GGTGGGTGCT
2160
CAGGTGTCCC TTAGGTCTTG AACCAAAAAA AAAAAAAA ACCAGATATT
2220
AGCTTGAGG TGAGGGAGTG GAATTCTAA GTTTTCAAG GTGGGCAAGG CTGCAGGTGG
2280
GGTTTCTCCT CGGGGGCTGA CTTGAAGAAA GGAAGAGCTA AGGTAGCCAT GCCTTTCTG
2340
TCCACTCACT AGACTCTGGA GCTCAGGCC AGGCAAGGAT AGGGTGGTAC AGCCTGTATG
2400
GTTAGGATGC AGGTCCCCCTC CCCTGGACTG AACCCATTATG CATCCCGCCA GGGGCATCGT
2460
GAACATAGCC TCCTCCACGA ACCTGTTGAC GGATTCCAAG AGTCTGCAGC TGGTGCTCGA
2520
GCCAGTCTG CAGCTGCTGA GCCGCAAGCA GCGGCGACTG ATCCGACAGA ACCCGGGGAT
2580
CCTGCACAGC GTGAGTGGAG GGCTCCAGAG CGCTGTGCGA GAGTCAAAT GGCAATTCCG
2640
AAACCGCCGC TGGAACTGCC CCACTGCTCC GGGGCCCCAC CTCTTCGGCA AGATCGTCAA
2700
CCGAGGTGGG TGCCCAGGAA AGCGACGCTT CCGGGATTAA GGGAAAAGCA GGGTCATCTC
2760
CAGGGCATAG GCGGGCGAAG GCAGGAAAGA CATCCCAGGG TTATATGTGA TCAAACGTGAG
2820
AATCGCCTGG TGCCGGCAGT TACCGTAGGT CAGCACCAGA TTCTTCTAG CCTTGCGTTG
2880
TGAGCATGAT CTTAACGTT GCTGCCACT GGCCCACAGA AAGGAAATTC CGGATCGTGG
2940
GCGCTGGCG ACAGCTGTT TTCCCTAGCC TTCCCTCAAAG GTACCTGGGA AGCTGATCTC
3000
TGAGGGCTAG CTAGGGTTGT GCTTCGCACC CAGCAAAGTT TGCAC TGCCA ATAATAGTAG
3060
CGATCTTGGC TATGCAGATT TGTTCTACTT GGGAAATCTCC CCTTGGAGCT GCTCTGCTAG
3120
GGCTCTGGAG TCTCAGTAAA GCTTAGAGAG GAGGGCATTC CATGCTTCGC ACACATGACT
3180
CCAAGGATGT TGGACTGTAG GGTACCAAGT CTTCAAACA GGGTGCTGAG TTGGCCCCAC
3240
GCCTTCTCTC AACTGATGCG GGGTCGCTTC ACCCACAGGC TGCCGAGAAA CAGCGTTCAT
3300
CTTCGCAATC ACCTCCGCCG GGGTCACACA TTCCGTGGCG CGCTCCTGCT CCGAAGGCTC
3360
CATCGAGTCC TGCACCTGCG ACTACCGCG GCGCGGCCCT GGGGGCCCCG ACTGGCACTG
3420
GGGGGGCTGC AGTGACAACA TCGATTTGG TCGCCTCTT GGCGAGAGT TCGTGGACTC
3480
CGGGGAGAAG GGGCGGGACC TACGCTTCCT CATGAACCTT CACAACAACG AGGCAGGGCG
3540
AACGGTACGT CGGTGTGTCC GGAACCAATG GCAGGGAGA TGTAAGACAG GTGCACGGGG
3600
ACAGAGGCAC AGGGAGGGGC TTCCCGAGAG AGTGGGACTC TAGGAGGGAA GACAGAGAAG
3660
AGGTGGTGGT TGAGGGCAAA GAGGTTCTG AGCTGATGAC AGAACAGAAC AGATTAGCAG
3720
GCTATCAACA CGTGGGATGT ATTGAGATGG CTCCATGGCA CACTTTGAA AGATAAAAGT
3780
GACTTGCTGG CGTGGAGCAG AGTCTGGCCG AATGTCCCTA TCTCAGCGGG CCATTTGCA
3840

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CTTCCTCTCT CCCGAGCTTA GTCACACCTG GACCTGGCT GAAGTTCCA CAGCATCGAC
3900
GTGACCCGGG TGGGGTGGG GTGGGAAAGT ATGGGTGGT GTTCGTGGGA TGTTGGCTTT
3960
GACCTTTCT TCCCTCCTCC CCTCGTCCCC TCCTCCCCA GACCGTGTTC TCTGAGATGC
4020
GCCAAAGAGTG CAAATGCCAC GGGATGTCCG GCTCCTGCAC GGTGCGCACG TGTTGGATGC
4080
GGCTGCCAC GCTGCGCGCT GTGGGCGACG TGCTGCGCGA CCGCTTCGAC GGCGCCTCCC
4140
GCGTCCTTA CGGCAACCGA GGCAGCAACC GCGCCTCGCG GGCGGAGCTG CTGCGCCTGG
4200
AGCCCGAAGA CCCCAGCGAC AAGCCTCCCT CCCCTCACGA CCTCGTCTAC TTGAGAAAT
4260
CGCCCAAACCTT CTGCACGTAC AGTGGCCGCC TGGGCACAGC TGGCACAGCT GGACGAGCTT
4320
GCAACAGCTC GTCTCCCGCG CTGGACGGCT GTGAGCTGCT GTGCTGTGGC CGAGGCCACC
4380
GCACGCGCAC GCAGCGCGTC ACGGAGCGCT GCAACTGCAC CTTCCACTGG TGCTGCCACG
4440
TCAGCTGCCG CAACTGCACG CACACGCGCG TTCTGCACGA GTGCTATGA GGTGCCGCGC
4500
CTCCGGGAAC GGGAACGCTC TCTTCCAGTT CTCAGACACA CTCGCTGGTC CTGATGTTG
4560
CCCACCCCTAC CGCGTCCAGC CACAGTCCCA GGGTTCATAG CGATCCATCT CTCCCACCTC
4620
CTACCTGGGG ACTCCTGAAA CCACCTGCCT GAGTCGGCTC GAACCCCTTT GCCATCCTGA
4680
GGGCCCTGAC CCAGCCTACC TCCCTCCCTC TTTGAGGGAG ACTCCTTTG CACTGCCCGC
4740
CAATTGGCC AGAGGGTGAG AGAAAGATTC TTCTTCTGGG GTGGGGGTGG GGAGGTCAAC
4800
TCTTGAAGGT GTTGCCTTC CTGATGTATT TTGCGCTGTG ACCTCTTTGG GTATTATCAC
4860
CTTTCTTGT CTCTCGGGTC CCTATAGGTC CCTTGAGTTC TCTAACCCAGC ACCTCTGGC
4920
TTCAAGGCCT TTCCCTCCC ACCTGTAGCT GAAGAGTTTC CGAGTTGAAA GGGCACGGAA
4980
AGCTAAGTGG GAAAGGAGGT TGCTGGACCC AGCAGCAAA CCCTACATTC TCCTTGTCTC
5040
TGCCTCGGAG CCATTGAACA GCTGTGAACC ATGCCTCCCT CAGCCTCCTC CCACCCCTTC
5100
CTGCTCTGCC TCCTCATCAC TGTGTAAATA ATTTCACCG AAATGTGGCC GCAGAGCCAC
5160
GCGTTGGTT ATGTAAATAA AACTATTTAT TGTGCTGGGT TCCAGCCTGG GTTGCAGAGA
5220
CCACCCCTCAC CCCACCTCAC TGCTCCTCTG TTCTGCTCGC CAGTCCTTT GTTATCCGAC
5280
CTTTTTCTC TTTTACCCAG CTTCTCATAG GCGCCCTTGC CCACCGGATC AGTATTCCT
5340
TCCACTGTAG CTATTAGTGG CTCCTCGCCC CCACCAATGT AGTATCTTCC TCTGAGGAAT
5400
AAAATATCTA TTTTTATCAA CGACTCTGGT CCTTGAATCC AGAACACAGC ATGGCTTCCA
5460
ACGTCTCTT CCCTTCCAAT GGACTTGCTT CTCTTCTCAT AGCCAAACAA AAGAGATAGA
5520
GTTGTTGAAG ATCTCTTTTC CAGGGCCTGA GCAAGGACCC TGAGATCCTG ACCCTTGGAT
5580
GACCCTAAAT GAGACCAACT AGGGATC
5607

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:8:

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(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
(A) LENGTH: 2301 base pairs
(B) TYPE: nucleic acid
(C) STRANDEDNESS: double
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: cDNA

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:8:

AGCAGAGCGG ACGGGCGCG GGGAGGCAG CAGAGCTTTC GGGCTGCAGG CGCTCGCTGC
60 CGCTGGGAA TTGGGCTGTG GGCGAGGCAG TCCGGGCTGG CCTTTATCGC TCGCTGGGCC
120 CATCGTTGA AACTTTATCA GCGAGTCGCC ACTCGTCGCA GGACCGAGCG GGGGGCGGGG
180 GCGCGCGAG GCGGCGGCCG TGACGAGGCG CTCCCGGAGC TGAGCGCTTC TGCTCTGGC
240 ACGCATGGCG CCCGCACACG GAGTCTGACC TGATGCAGAC GCAAGGGGT TAATATGAAC
300 GCCCCTCTCG GTGGAATCTG GCTCTGGCTC CCTCTGCTCT TGACCTGGCT CACCCCGAG
360 GTCAACTCTT CATGGTGGTA CATGAGAGCT ACAGGTGGCT CCTCCAGGGT GATGTGCGAT
420 AATGTGCCAG GCCTGGTGAG CAGCCAGCGG CAGCTGTGTC ACCGACATCC AGATGTGATG
480 CGTGCCATTA GCCAGGGCGT GGCGAGTGG ACAGCAGAAC GCCAGCACCA GTTCCGCCAG
540 CACCGCTGGA ATTGCAACAC CCTGGACAGG GATCACAGCC TTTTGGCAG GGTCCCTACTC
600 CGAAGTAGTC GGGAATCTGC CTTTGTATTGCCATCTCCT CAGCTGGAGT TGTATTTGCC
660 ATCACCAAGGG CCTGTAGCCA AGGAGAAGTA AAATCCTGTT CCTGTGATCC AAAGAAGATG
720 GGAAGCGCCA AGGACAGCAA AGGCATTTT GATTGGGTG GCTGCAGTGA TAACATTGAC
780 TATGGGATCA AATTGCCCCG CGCATTGTG GATGCAAAGG AAAGGAAAGG AAAGGATGCC
840 AGAGCCCTGA TGAATCTCA CAACAACAGA GCTGGCAGGA AGGCTGTAAA GCGGTTCTTG
900 AAACAAGAGT GCAAGTGCCA CGGGGTGAGC GGCTCATGTA CTCTCAGGAC ATGCTGGCTG
960 GCCATGGCCG ACTTCAGGAA AACGGCGAT TATCTCTGGA GGAAGTACAA TGGGGCCATC
1020 CAGGTGGTCA TGAACCAGGA TGGCACAGGT TTCACTGTGG CTAACGAGAG GTTTAAGAAG
1080 CCAACGAAAA ATGACCTCGT GTATTTGAG AATTCTCCAG ACTACTGTAT CAGGGACCGA
1140 GAGGCAGGCT CCCTGGGTAC AGCAGGCCGT GTGTGCAACC TGACTTCCCG GGGCATGGAC
1200 AGCTGTGAAG TCATGTGCTG TGGGAGAGGC TACGACACCT CCCATGTCAC CCGGATGACC
1260 AAGTGTGGGT GTAAGTTCCA CTGGTGCTGC GCCGTGCGCT GTCAAGGACTG CCTGGAAGCT
1320 CTGGATGTGC ACACATGCAA GGCCCCCAAG AACGCTGACT GGACAACCGC TACATGACCC
1380 CAGCAGGCAGT CACCATCCAC CTTCCCTTCT ACAAGGACTC CATTGGATCT GCAAGAACAC
1440 TGGACCTTTG GGTTCTTCT GGGGGATAT TTCCTAAGGC ATGTGGCCTT TATCTCAACG
1500 GAAGCCCCCT CTTCCCTCCCT GGGGGCCCCA GGATGGGGGG CCACACGCTG CACCTAAAGC
1560

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CTACCCTATT CTATCCATCT CCTGGTGTTC TGCAGTCATC TCCCCTCCTG GCGAGTTCTC
1620
TTTGGAAATA GCATGACAGG CTGTCAGCC GGGAGGGTGG TGGGCCAGA CCACTGTCTC
1680
CACCCACCTT GACGTTCTT CTTCTAGAG CAGTTGGCCA AGCAGAAAAA AAAGTGTCTC
1740
AAAGGAGCTT TCTCAATGTC TTCCCACAAA TGGTCCCAAT TAAGAAATTCA CATACTTCTC
1800
TCAGATGGAA CAGTAAAGAA AGCAGAATCA ACTGCCCTG ACTTAACCTT AACTTTGAA
1860
AAGACCAAGA CTTTGTCTG TACAAGTGGT TTTACAGCTA CCACCCCTAG GGTAATTGGT
1920
AATTACCTGG AGAAGAATGG CTTTCAATAC CCTTTAAGT TTAAAATGTG TATTTTCAA
1980
GGCATTATTATT GCCATATTAA AATCTGATGT AACAAAGGTGG GGACGTGTGT CCTTTGGTAC
2040
TATGGTGTGT TGTATCTTG TAAGAGAAA AGCCTCAGAA AGGGATTGCT TTGCATTACT
2100
GTCCCCCTGA TATAAAAAAT CTTAGGGAA TGAGAGTTCC TTCTCACTTA GAATCTGAAG
2160
GGAATTAAAA AGAAGATGAA TGGTCTGGCA ATATTCTGTA ACTATTGGGT GAATATGGTG
2220
GAAAATAATT TAGTGGATGG AATATCAGAA GTATATCTGT ACAGATCAAG AAAAAAAGGA
2280
AGAATAAAAT TCCTATATCA T
2301

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:9:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
(A) LENGTH: 2814 base pairs
(B) TYPE: nucleic acid
(C) STRANDEDNESS: double
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: cDNA

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:9:

GAATTCATGT CTTACGGTCA AGGCAGAGGG CCCAGCGCCA CTGCAGCCGC GCCACCTCCC
60
AGGGCCGGGC CAGCCCAGGC GTCCCGCTC TCGGGGTGGA CTCCCCCGC TGCGCGCTCA
120
AGCCGGCGAT GGCTCCTCTC GGATACCTCT TAGTGCTCTG CAGCCTGAAG CAGGCTCTGG
180
GCAGCTACCC GATCTGGTGG TCCTTGGCTG TGGGACCCCA GTACTCCTCT CTGAGCACTC
240
AGCCCATTTCT CTGTGCCAGC ATCCCAGGCC TGGTACCGAA GCAGCTGCGC TTCTGCAGGA
300
ACTACGTGGA GATCATGCCC AGCGTGGCTG AGGGTGTCAA AGCGGGCATC CAGGAGTGCC
360
AGCACCAAGTT CCGAGGCCGG CGTTGGAAC GCACCAACCGT CAGAACAGC CTGGCCATCT
420
TTGGCCCTGT TCTGGACAAA GCCACCCGGG AGTCAGCCTT TGTCCATGCC ATCGCCTCCG
480
CTGGAGTAGC TTTCGCAGTG ACACGCTCCT GTGCAGAGGG ATCAGCTGCT ATCTGTGGT
540
GCAGCAGCCG CCTCCAGGGC TCCCCAGGCG AGGGCTGGAA GTGGGGCGGC TGTAGTGAGG
600
ACATTGAATT TGGAGGAATG GTCTCTCGGG AGTTGCCGA TGCCAGGGAG AACCGGCCGG
660
ATGCCCGCTC TGCCATGAAC CGTCACAACA ATGAGGCTGG GCGCCAGGCC ATGCCAGTC
720

- 47 -

ACATGCACCT CAAAGTCACAA TGCCACGGGC TATCTGGCAG CTGTGAAGTG AAGACCTGCT
780
GGTGGTCGCA GCCGGACTTC CGCACCATCG GGGATTCTCT CAAGGACAAG TATGACAGTG
840
CCTCGGAGAT GGTGGTAGAG AAACACCGAG AGTCTCGTGG CTGGGTGGAG ACCCTGAGGC
900
CACGTTACAC GTACTTCAAG GTGCCGACAG AACCGACCT GGTCTACTAC GAGGCCTCAC
960
CCAACCTCTG CGAACCTAAC CCCGAAACCG GCTCCTTCGG GACGCGTGAC CGCACCTGCA
1020
ATGTGAGCTC GCATGGCATA GATGGGTGCG ACCTGTTGTG CTGCGGGCGC GGGCATAACG
1080
CGCGCACTGA GCGACGGAGG GAGAAATGCC ACTGTGTTTT CCATTGGTGC TGCTACGTCA
1140
GCTGCCAGGA GTGCACACGT GTCTATGACG TGCACACCTG CAAGTAGGAG AGCTCCTAAC
1200
ACGGGAGCAG GGTTCAATTCC GAGGGGCAAG GTTCCTACCT GGGGGCGGGG TTCCCTACTTG
1260
GAGGGGTCTC TTACTTGGGG ACTCGGTTCT TACTTGAGGG CGGAGATCCT ACCTGTGAGG
1320
GTCTCATACC TAAGGACCCG GTTCTGCCT TCAGCCTGGG CTCCTATTG GGATCTGGGT
1380
TCCTTTTAG GGGAGAAGCT CCTGTCTGGG ATACGGGTTT CTGCCCGAGG GTGGGGCTCC
1440
ACTTGGGAT GGAATTCCAA TTTGGGCCGG AAGTCCTACC TCAATGGCTT GGACTCCTCT
1500
CTTGACCCGA CAGGGCTCAA ATGGAGACAG GTAAGCTACT CCCTCAACTA GGTGGGGTTC
1560
GTGCGGATGG GTGGGAGGGG AGAGATTAGG GTCCCTCCCT CCAGAGGCAC TGCTCTATCT
1620
AGATACATGA GAGGGTGCTT CAGGGTGGC CCTATTGAGG CTTGAGGATC CCGTGGGGC
1680
GGGGCTTCAC CCCGACTGGG TGGAACTTTT GGAGACCCCC TTCCACTGGG GCAAGGCTTC
1740
ACTGAAGACT CATGGGATGG AGCTCCACGG AAGGAGGAGT TCCTGAGCGA GCCTGGGCTC
1800
TGAGCAGGCC ATCCAGCTCC CATCTGGCCC CTTCCAGTC CTGGTGTAAG GTTCAACCTG
1860
CAAGCCTCAT CTGCGCAGAG CAGGATCTCC TGGCAGAATG AGGCATGGAG AAGAACTCAG
1920
GGGTGATAACC AAGACCTAAC AAACCCCGTG CCTGGGTACC TCTTTAAAG CTCTGCACCC
1980
CTTCTCAAG GGCTTTCTA GTCTCCTTGG CAGAGCTTTC CTGAGGAAGA TTTGCAGTCC
2040
CCCAGAGTTC AAGTGAACAC CCATAGAACAA GAACAGACTC TATCCTGAGT AGAGAGGGTT
2100
CTCTAGGAAT CTCTATGGGG ACTGCTAGGA AGGATCCTGG GCATGACAGC CTCGTATGAT
2160
AGCCTGCATC CGCTCTGACA CTTAATACTC AGATCTCCCG GGAAACCCAG CTCATCCGGT
2220
CCGTGATGTC CATGCCCAA ATGCCTCAGA GATGTTGCCT CACTTGAGT TGTATGAAC
2280
TCGGAGACAT GGGGACACAG TCAAGCCGCA GAGCCAGGGT TGTTTCAGGA CCCATCTGAT
2340
TCCCCAGAGC CTGCTGTTGA GGCAATGGTC ACCAGATCCG TTGGCCACCA CCCTGTCCCG
2400
AGCTTCTCTA GTGTCTGTCT GGCTTGGAAAG TGAGGTGCTA CATAACGCC ATCTGCCACA
2460
AGAGCTTCCT GATTGGTACC ACTGTGAACC GTCCCTCCCC CTCCAGACAG GGGAGGGAT
2520
GTGGCCATAC AGGAGTGTGC CCGGAGAGCG CGGAAAGAGG AAGAGAGGCT GCACACCGT
2580

- 48 -

GGTGACTGAC TGTCTTCTGC CTGGAACCTTT GCGTCGCGC TTGTAACCTT ATTTCATG
 2640
 CTGCTATATC CACCCACCAC TGGATTAGA CAAAGTGAT TTTCTTTTT TTTTTTCTT
 2700
 TTCTTCTAT GAAAGAAATT ATTTAGTTT ATAGTATGTT TGTTCAAAT AATGGGGAAA
 2760
 GTAAAAAGAG AGAAAAAAA AAAAAAAA AAAAAAAA AAAAAAAA AAAAAA
 2814

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:10:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 333 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:10:

Cys	Lys	Cys	His	Gly	Leu	Ser	Gly	Ser	Cys	Glu	Val	Lys	Thr	Cys	Trp
1				5				10					15		
Trp	Ser	Gln	Pro	Asp	Phe	Arg	Ala	Ile	Gly	Asp	Phe	Leu	Lys	Asp	Lys
								20				25			30
Tyr	Asp	Ser	Ala	Ser	Glu	Met	Val	Val	Glu	Lys	His	Arg	Glu	Ser	Arg
								35			40		45		
Gly	Trp	Val	Glu	Thr	Leu	Arg	Pro	Arg	Tyr	Thr	Tyr	Phe	Lys	Val	Pro
								50			55		60		
Thr	Glu	Arg	Asp	Leu	Val	Tyr	Tyr	Glu	Ala	Ser	Pro	Asn	Phe	Cys	Glu
								65			70		75		80
Pro	Asn	Pro	Glu	Thr	Gly	Ser	Phe	Gly	Thr	Arg	Asp	Arg	Thr	Cys	Ans
								85			90		95		
Val	Ser	Ser	His	Gly	Ile	Asp	Gly	Cys	Asp	Leu	Leu	Cys	Cys	Gly	Arg
								100			105		110		
Gly	His	Asn	Ala	Arg	Ala	Glu	Arg	Arg	Arg	Glu	Lys	Cys	Arg	Cys	Val
								115			120		125		
Phe	His	Trp	Cys	Cys											
								130							

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:11:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 399 base pairs
 - (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: double
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: cDNA

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:11:

TGTAAGTGCC ACGGGCTGTC GGGCAGCTGC GAGGTGAAGA CATGCTGGTG GTCGCAACCC
 60
 GACTTCCGCG CCATCGGTGA CTTCCCTCAAG GACAAGTACG ACAGCGCCTC GGAGATGGTG
 120
 GTGGAGAACG ACCGGGAGTC CGCGGGCTGG GTGGAGACCC TGCGGCCGCG CTACACCTAC
 180
 TTCAAGGTGC CCACGGAGCG CGACCTGGTC TACTACGAGG CCTCGCCCAA CTTCTGCGAG
 240
 CCCAACCTG AGACGGGCTC CTTCGGCACG CGCGACCGCA CCTGCAACGT CAGCTCGCAC
 300

- 49 -

GGCATCGACG GCTGCGACCT GCTGTGCTGC GGCCGCGGCC ACAACGCGCG AGCGGAGCGG
360 CGCCGGGAGA AGTGCCGCTG CGTGTTCAC TGGTGCTGT
399

- 50 -

What is claimed is:

1. An enriched population of mammalian neural precursor cells committed to a cell fate, said cells being characterized in that they exhibit a stem cell phenotype in the presence of a Wnt polypeptide but not in the absence of said Wnt polypeptide.
5
2. An enriched population of mammalian dopaminergic neuron precursor cells, said cells being characterized in that they exhibit a stem cell phenotype in the presence of a Wnt polypeptide and differentiate into dopaminergic neurons in the absence of said Wnt polypeptide.
10
3. The population of claim 2, wherein said Wnt polypeptide is a Wnt-1 class polypeptide.
4. The population of claim 3, wherein said Wnt polypeptide is selected from the group consisting of Wnt-1, Wnt-2, Wnt-3a, Wnt-7a, and Wnt-7b.
15
5. The population of claim 4, wherein said Wnt polypeptide is Wnt-1.
6. The population of claim 5, wherein said Wnt-1 polypeptide has a sequence that is at least 80% identical to SEQ ID NO: (human Wnt-1).
20
7. The population of claim 2, wherein said cells are human cells.
8. The population of claim 7, wherein said cells are fetal human cells.
25
9. The population of claim 2, wherein said cells are porcine cells.

- 51 -

10. An enriched population of mammalian dorsal hindbrain precursor cells, said cells being characterized in that they exhibit a stem cell phenotype in the presence of both a Wnt-1 polypeptide and a Wnt-3a polypeptide but not in
5 the absence of said Wnt-1 polypeptide and said Wnt-3a polypeptide.

11. An enriched population of mammalian hippocampal neuron precursor cells, said cells being characterized in that they exhibit a stem cell phenotype in the presence of a
10 Wnt-3a polypeptide and differentiate into hippocampal neurons in the absence of said Wnt-3a polypeptide..

12. The population of claim 11, wherein said Wnt-3a polypeptide has a sequence that is at least 80% identical to SEQ ID NO: (mouse Wnt-3a).

15 13. The population of claim 11, wherein said cells are human cells.

14. A method of treating a heterogeneous population of neural cell precursor cells to enrich for dorsal neural precursor cells, comprising culturing said population with
20 Wnt polypeptide, wherein said dorsal neural precursor cells selectively proliferate in the presence of said Wnt polypeptide.

15. A method of stimulating cell proliferation of a dorsal neural precursor cell comprising contacting said cell with a Wnt-1 polypeptide or a Wnt-3a polypeptide.
25

16. The method of claim 15, wherein said cell is contacted with both a Wnt-1 polypeptide and a Wnt-3a polypeptide.

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17. A method of inducing neuronal regeneration in an adult mammal suffering from a neurodegenerative disorder, comprising transplanting into said mammal an enriched population of dorsal neural precursor cells.

5 18. The method of claim 17, wherein said disorder is Parkinson's Disease, Amyotrophic Lateral Sclerosis, Diffuse Lewy Body Disease, Cortical-basal Ganglionic Degeneration, Hallervorden-Spatz Disease, or Myoclonic Epilepsy.

10 19. The method of claim 17, further comprising administering to said mammal a Wnt polypeptide or Wnt agonist.

15 20. A method of treating Parkinson's disease, comprising transplanting into the brain of a patient an enriched population of dopaminergic neuron precursor cells.

DRAFTING SERVICES

**COMBINED DECLARATION AND POWER OF ATTORNEY
FOR PATENT APPLICATION**

As a below named inventor, I hereby declare that:

My residence, post office address and citizenship are as stated below next to my name.

I believe I am an original, first and sole inventor, which is claimed and for which a utility patent is sought on the invention entitled:

INDUCTION OF NEURONAL REGENERATION

- was filed on October 30, 2000, as United States non-provisional application U.S.S.N. 09/674,292, (as the national-phase application of PCT/US98/08716, filed April 30, 1998) bearing Attorney Docket No. 21508-022 Natl.

I hereby state that I have reviewed and understand the contents of the above identified specification, including the claims, as amended by any amendment referred to above.

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			Yes	No
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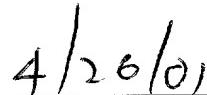
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One Financial Center
Boston, Massachusetts 02111

I hereby declare that all statements made herein of my own knowledge are true and that all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true; and further that these statements were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under Section 1001 of Title 18 of the United States Code and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the application or patent issued thereon.



Inventor's Signature



Date

Full Name of Inventor: Andrew P. McMahon

Citizenship: United Kingdom

Residence: 128 Kendall Road, Lexington, MA 02421

Post Office Address: Same as above

Inventor's Signature

Date

Full Name of Inventor: Scott K. Lee

Citizenship: United States

Residence: 5812 Merton Court, Alexandria, Virginia 22311

Post Office Address: Same as above

Inventor's Signature

Date

Full Name of Inventor: Shinji Takada

Citizenship: Japan

Residence:

Post Office Address:

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Citizenship: United States

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Post Office Address: Same as above

Shinji Takada
Inventor's Signature

4/16/01

Date

Full Name of Inventor: Shinji Takada

Citizenship: Japan

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Date

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Full Name of Inventor: Scott M. K. Lee

Citizenship: United States

Residence: 5812 Merton Court, Alexandria, Virginia 22311

Post Office Address: Same as above

Date

April 24, 2001

3 Inventor's Signature

Full Name of Inventor: Shinji Takada

Citizenship: Japan

Residence: 212 Fushimigodoshukusha, Nishibugyocho, Fushimi-ku, Kyoto, Kyoto
612-8014 Japan JPX

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<110> McMahon, Andrew P

Lee, Scott K

Takada, Shinji

<120> Induction of Neuronal Regeneration

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<140> 09/674,292

<141> 1998-04-30

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